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THE MESSAGE.

President Harrison Sounds a Note of War.

AN ABLE DOCUMENT.

Careful Review of All the Chilian Aggresions.

TEXT OF THE ULTIMATUM

The Patience of This Long-suffering Government is Exhausted Very Strong Showing for Our Side Chilian Delays and Subterfuges—Matta's Insulting Note Must be Withdrawn with a Prompt Complete and Public Apology Our Flag Must Adequately Protect All Who Sail Under It—The Patrick Shields Matter Abominable Chilian Cruelties

WASHINGTON Jan 25—President Harrison's message on the Chilian affair was submitted to congress to-day with the accompanying correspondence. It was received with [illegible] and careful attention and was heartily applauded by both sides of the house. Following is the full text:

WASHINGTON, January 25, 1892.

To the Senate and House of Representatives

In my annual message, delivered to congress at the beginning of the present session, after a brief statement of the facts then in the possession of this government touching the assault, in the streets of Valparaiso, Chili upon the sailors of the United States ship Baltimore on the evening of the 16th of October last I said. "This government is now awaiting the result of an investigation which has been conducted by the criminal court at Valparaiso. It is reported unofficially that the investigation is about completed, and it is expected that the result will soon be communicated to this government, together with some adequate and satisfactory response to the note by which the attention of Chili was called to this incident. If these just expectations should be disappointed or further needless delay intervene, I will, by a special message, bring this matter again to the attention of congress for such action as may be necessary."

In my opinion the time has come when I should lay before the congress and the country the correspondence between this government and the government of Chili from the time of the breaking out of the revolution against Balmaceda, together with all other facts in the possession of the executive department relating to this matter. The diplomatic correspondence is herewith transmitted together with some correspondence between the naval officers for the time in command in Chilian waters and the secretary of the navy, and also the evidence taken at the Mare Island navy yard since the arrival of the Baltimore at San Francisco. I [illegible] to attempt any full analysis of the correspondence or of the evidence. A brief restatement of the international questions involved and of the reasons why the responses of the Chilian government are unsatisfactory is all that I deem necessary.

EGAN DEFENDED

It may be well at the outset to say that whatever may have been said in this country or in Chili in criticism of Mr. Egan, our minister at Santiago, the true history of this exciting period in Chilian affairs from the outbreak of the revolution until this time discloses no act on the part of Mr Egan unworthy of his position or that could justly be the occasion of serious animadversion or criticism. He has, I think, on the whole, borne himself in very trying circumstances with dignity, discretion and courage and has conducted the correspondence with ability, courtesy and fairness.

It is worth while, also, at the beginning to say that the right of Mr Egan to give shelter in the legation to certain adherents of the Balmaceda government who applied to him for asylum has not been denied by the Chilian authorities nor has any demand been made for the surrender of these refugees. That there was an urgent need of asylum is shown by Mr Egan's note of Aug. [illegible] describing the disorders that prevailed in Santiago and in the evidence of Captain Schley as to the pillage and violence that prevailed at Valparaiso. The correspondence discloses, however, that the request of Mr Egan for a safe conduct from the country in behalf of these refugees, was refused. The precedents cited by him in the correspondence particularly in case of the revolution in Peru in 1865 did not leave the Chilian government in a position to deny the right of asylum to political refugees and [illegible] clearly to support Mr. Egan's contention that a safe conduct to neutral territory was a necessary and acknowledged incident of the asylum.

These refugees have very recently, without safe conduct, but by the acquiescence of the Chilian authorities, been placed on board the Yorktown and are now being conveyed to Callao, Peru. This incident might be considered wholly closed, but for the disrespect manifested toward this government by the close and offensive police surveillance of the legation premises which was maintained during most of the period of the stay of the refugees therein. After the date of my annual message, and up to the time of the transfer of the refugees to the Yorktown, the legation premises have been surrounded by police in uniform, and police agents or detectives in citizen's dress, who offensively scrutinized persons entering or leaving the legation and on one or two occasions, arrested members of the minister's family. [illegible] Evans who by my direction, visited Mr. Egan at Santiago, in his report to the navy department, described the legation as a "veritable prison," and [illegible] the police agents and [illegible] after his arrival, withdrawn during his visit. It appears, further, from the note of [illegible] Nov 20 1891, that on one occasion at least these police agents, whom he declares to be known to him, invaded the legation premises, pounding on its windows [illegible] insulting and threatening language towards persons therein.

[illegible] breach of a right of a minister to free[illegible] police espionage and restraint [illegible] has been so flagrant that the Argentine minister who was dean of the diplomatic corps having observed it felt called upon to protest against it to the Chilian minister of foreign affairs. The Chilian authorities, as will be observed from the correspondence, charged the refugees and inmates of the legation with insulting the police; but it seems to me incredible that men whose lives were in jeopardy, and whose safety could only be secured by retirement and quietness should have sought to provoke a collision which could only end in their destruction or to aggravate their condition by intensifying a popular feeling that at one time so threatened the legation as to require Mr Egan to appeal to the minister of foreign affairs.

THE BALTIMORE AFFAIR

But the most serious incident disclosed by the correspondence is the attack upon the sailors of the Baltimore in the streets of Valparaiso on the 16th of October last. In my annual message speaking upon the information then in my possession I said "So far as I have yet been able to learn no other explanation of this bloody work has been suggested than that it had its origin in hostility to those sailors as sailors of the United States wearing the uniform of their government, and not in any individual act or personal animosity. We have now received from the Chilian government an abstract of the conclusions of the fiscal general upon the testimony taken by the judge of crimes in an investigation which was made to extend over nearly three months. I very much regret to be compelled to say that this report does not enable me to modify the conclusion announced in my annual message. I am still of the opinion that our sailors were assaulted, beaten, stabbed and killed not for anything they or any one of them had done, but for what the government of the United States had done or was charged with having done by its civil officers and naval commanders. If that be the true aspect of the case the injury was to the government of the United States, not to these poor sailors who were assaulted in a manner so brutal and so cowardly.

THE LEGAL ASPECT

Before attempting to give an outline of the facts upon which this conclusion rests I think it right to say a word or two upon the legal aspect of the case.

The Baltimore was in the harbor of Valparaiso by virtue of that general invitation which nations are held to extend to the war vessels of other powers with which they have friendly relations. This invitation I think must be held ordinarily to embrace the privilege of such communication with the shore as is reasonable, necessary and proper for the comfort and convenience of the officers and men of such vessels. Captain Schley testifies that when his vessel returned to Valparaiso on September 14 the city officers, as is customary, extended the hospitalities of the city to his officers and crew.

It is not claimed that every personal collision or injury in which a sailor or officer of such naval vessel visiting the shore may be involved, raises an international question but I am clearly of the opinion that where such sailors or officers are assaulted by a resident populace animated by hostility to the government whose uniforms those sailors and officers wear and in resentment of acts of their government, not by them, their nation must take notice of the event as one involving an infraction of its rights and dignity not in a secondary way, as where a citizen is injured and presents his claim through his own government, but in a primary way, precisely as if its minister or consul or the flag itself, had been the object of the same character of assault. The officers and sailors of the Baltimore were in the harbor of Valparaiso under the orders of their government, not of their own choice. They were upon the shore by the implied invitation of the government of Chili and with the approval of their commanding officer, and it does not distinguish their case from that of a consul that his stay is more permanent or that he holds the express invitation of the local government to justify his long residence.

Nor does it affect the question that the injury was the act of a mob. If there had been no participation by the police or military in this cruel work and no neglect on their part to extend protection, the case would still be one in my opinion, when its extent and character are considered, involving international rights. The incidents of the affray are, briefly, as follows:

SOBER, PEACEFUL SAILORS.

On the 16th of October last Captain Schley, commanding the United States steamer Baltimore, gave shore leave to 117 petty officers and sailors of his ship. These men left the ship about 1:30 p. m. No incident of violence occurred, no complaint was lodged against them, nor did any collision or outbreak occur until about 6 o'clock p. m.

Captain Schley states that he was the first on shore and on the streets of the city until 5:30 p. m.; that he met very many of his men who were upon leave; that they were sober and were conducting themselves with propriety, saluting Chilian and other officers as they met them. Other officers of the ship and Captain Jenkins of the merchant ship Keweenaw, corroborate Captain Schley as to the general sobriety and good behavior of our men. The sisters of charity at the hospital to which they were taken, when inquired of, state they were sober when they were received. If the situation had been otherwise we must believe that the Chilian police authorities would have made arrests.

About 6 p. m the assault began, and it is remarkable that the investigation by the judge of crimes, though so protracted, does not enable him to give any more satisfactory account of its its origin than is found in the statement that it began between drunken sailors. Repeatedly in the correspondence it is asserted that it was impossible to learn the precise cause of the riot. The minister of foreign affairs, Matta in his telegram to Mr Montt, under date of Dec 31, states that the quarrel began between two sailors in a tavern and was continued in the street, persons who were passing joining in it.

The testimony of Talbott, an apprentice who was with Riggin, is that the outbreak in which they were involved began by a Chilian sailor spitting in the face of Talbott which was resented by a knock down. It appears that Riggin and Talbott were at the time unaccompanied by others of their shipmates.

AN ORGANIZED ATTACK.

Referring to the evidence of our sailors I think it is shown that there were several distinct assaults and so nearly simultaneous as to show that they did not spread from one point. A press summary of the report of the fiscal shows that the evidence of the Chilian officials and others was in conflict as to the place of origin, several places being named by different witnesses as the locality where the first outbreak occurred. This, if correctly reported, shows that there were several distinct outbreaks and so nearly at the same time as to cause this confusion

CHILIAN COWARDICE AND YANKEE VALOR.

These two men were immediately beset by a crowd of Chilian citizens and sailors through which they broke their way to a street car and entered it for safety. They were pursued and driven from the car. Riggin was so seriously beaten that he fell in the street apparently dead. There is nothing in the report of Chilian investigation made to us that seriously impeaches this testimony. It appears from Chilian sources that almost instantly, with a suddenness that strongly implies meditation and preparation a mob, stated by police authorities at one time to number 2,000, and at another time 1000, was engaged in the assault upon our sailors who are represented as resisting with stones, clubs and light arms. The report of the intendente of October states that the fight began at 6 p. m. in three streets (which are named) that information was received at the intendencia at 6 15 and that the police arrived on the scene at 6 30 a full half hour after the assault began. At that time he says that a mob of 2000 men had collected and that for several squares there was the appearance of a real battle field. The scene at this point is very graphically set before us by the Chilian testimony. The American sailors, who, after so long an examination have not been found guilty of any breach of the peace so far as the Chilian authorities are able to discover, unarmed and defenceless are fleeing for their lives pursued by overwhelming numbers and fighting only to aid their own escape from death or to succor some man whose life is in greater peril. Eighteen of them are brutally stabbed and beaten while one Chilian seems from the report to have suffered some injuries but how serious or with what character of weapon or whether by missile thrown by our men or by some of his fellow rioters, is unascertained. The pretense that our men were fighting "with stones, clubs and bright arms," in view of these facts is incredible. It is farther refuted by the fact that our prisoners when searched were absolutely without arms or weapons of any kind save as a pocket knife, and that the police [illegible] than handily as they were [illegible] which was inflicted [illegible] the day is that even the pocket knives of the men were taken from them [illegible] ship.

CHILIAN HATRED

[illegible] the brutal nature of the treatment received by our men the following extract from the account given of the affair by the La Patria newspaper of Valparaiso of October 1[illegible] paragraph. The Yankees, as was natural, [illegible] gave chase, went by way of the [illegible] Arsenal toward the [illegible] In the presence of an ordinary [illegible] citizens among whom were [illegible] sailors the North Americans [illegible] street car to escape from the [illegible] which the Chilians threw at them. It was believed for an instant that the North Americans had saved themselves from popular fury but such was not the case. Scarcely had the car [illegible] moved when a crowd [illegible] started to stop its progress. Under these circumstances and with a heavy [illegible] of the howling and threatening crowd the North Americans [illegible] the conductor entered the car and seeing the risk of the situation to the vehicle told them to get out. At that instant the sailors left the car in the midst of a hail of stones, the conductor receiving a stone blow on the head. One of the Yankee sailors managed to escape in the direction of the Plaza Hebright but the other was felled to the ground by a stone. Managing to raise himself from the ground where he lay he staggered in an opposite direction from the station. In front of the house of Senor Mazzina he was again wounded

No amount of evasion or subterfuge is able to cloud our vision of this bestial work. It should be noticed in this connection that the Americans arrived after an examination. During the four days after the arrest every one was discharged, no charge of any breach of the peace or other criminal conduct having been sustained against a single one of them. Judge-of-crimes Foster in a note to the intendente under date of Oct 22, before the despatch from this government of the following day, aroused the authorities of Chili to the gravity of the affair having presided temporarily over this court. In regard to the seamen of the United States cruiser Baltimore who have been tried on account of deplorable conduct, etc a noticeable point here is that the sailors had been tried before the 22d of October and that the trial resulted in their acquittal and return to their vessel. It is quite remarkable and quite characteristic of the the management of this affair by the Chilian police and authorities that we should now be advised that one of our seamen is in the indictment, his offense so far as I have been able to ascertain, being that he attempted to defend a shipmate against an assailant who was striking him with a knife. The perfect vindication of our men is furnished by this report, one only is found to have been guilty of criminal fault and that for an act clearly justifiable.

As to the part taken by the police in the affair the case made by Chili is far from satisfactory. Where Riggin was killed is only three minutes' walk from the police headquarters and not more than two minutes' walk from the police station, and yet according to their official report a half hour elapsed after the assault began before the police were on the ground.

PART OF EVASIONS.

It has been stated that all but two of our men have said the police did their duty. The evidence taken at Mare Island shows that if such a statement was procured from our men it was accomplished by requiring them to sign a document written in a language that they did not understand and a representation that it was a declaration that they had taken no part in the disturbance. Lieutenant McCrea, who acted as interpreter, says in his evidence that when our sailors were examined before the court the subject of the conduct of the police was so carefully avoided that he reported the fact to Captain Schley on his return to the vessel.

CHILIAN HATRED.

The evidence of the existence of an animosity towards our sailors in the minds of the sailors of the Chilian navy and of the populace of Valparaiso was so abundant and various as to leave no doubt in the mind of anyone who will examine the papers submitted. It manifested itself in insulting slurs towards our men as they passed the Chilian men of war in the boats and in the derisive epithets with which they greeted every appearance of an American sailor on the evening of the riot. Captain Schley reports that boats from the Chilian war ships several times went out of their course to cross the bows of his boats compelling them to back water. He complained of the discourtesy, and it was corrected. That this feeling was shared by men of higher rank is shown by an incident related by Surgeon Stitt of the Baltimore. After the battle of Placilla he with other medical officers of the war vessels in the harbor was giving voluntary assistance to the wounded in the hospitals. The son of a Chilian army officer of high rank was under his care and when the father discovered it he flew into a passion and said he would rather have his son die than have an American touch him, and at once had him removed from the ward. This feeling is not well concealed in the despatches of the foreign office and had a quite open expression in the disrespectful treatment of the American legation. The Chilian boatmen in the bay refused even for large offers of money to return our sailors who crowded the mole to their ships when they were endeavoring to escape from the city on the night of the assault. The market boats of the Baltimore were threatened and even quite recently the gig of Commander Evans of the York town was stoned while waiting for him at the mole. The evidence of our sailors clearly shows that the attack was expected by the Chilian people, that threats had been made against our men and that one case somewhat early in the afternoon, the keeper of the house in which some of our men had gone closed his establishment in anticipation of an attack which he advised them would be made upon them as darkness came on.

In the report of Captain Schley to the navy department he says "In the only interview which I had with Judge Foster, who was investigating the case relative to the disturbance before he was aware of the entire gravity of the matter he informed me that the assault upon my men was the outcome of hatred for our people among the lower classes because they thought we had sympathized with Balmaceda's government and on account of the Itata matter, whether with reason or without he could of course not admit but such he thought was the explanation of the assault at that time.

"Several of our men sought security from the mob by such a complete or partial change in their dress as would conceal the fact of their being seamen of the Baltimore and found it then possible to walk the streets without molestation. These incidents conclusively establish that the attack was upon the uniform, the nationality and not upon the men. The origin of this feeling was probably found in the refusal of this government to give recognition to the Congressional party before it had established itself in the seizure of the Itata for an alleged violation of the neutrality laws, in the cable incident and on the charge that Admiral Brown conveyed information to Valparaiso of the landing at Quintero. It is not my purpose to enter here any defense of the action of this government on these matters. It is enough for the present purpose to say that if there was any breach of international comity or duty on our part it should have been made the subject of official complaint through diplomatic channels or of [illegible]

[CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.]

WHAT IS COMING?

The Civilized World Awaits Chili's Action

SOUNDS OF COMING WAR.

Opinions of Congressmen and Senators No Party Lines Drawn The President Generally Supported Jerry Simpson's Silly Screech

WASHINGTON Jan 25 The scene in both house and senate during the reading of the president's message was striking and suggestive. Long before the hour fixed for the assembling of congress the galleries were filled and on the floor the expected message and situation of affairs were discussed in an animated way. When at 12 15 Mr Pruden the executive clerk appeared in the house with the message almost bundle in his hand nearly every seat on the floor of the house was occupied and the gallery entrances were filled with throngs of people anxious to obtain a view of the scene and desirous of hearing the message read. Nothing could be more eloquently portrayed than the deep and wide spread interest in the affair felt by the people. Rarely or never, except on cases of the inauguration of a president, are the halls of congress more thronged than they were to-day

During the reading of the message the greatest attention was paid to it, both on the floor and in the galleries, the auditors apparently anxious to miss not a single word. Mr Blount, of the committee on foreign affairs, sat easily in his chair, while just to his right, ex-Speaker Reed sat bolt upright his elbow on the desk in front of him, all attention

There was none of the usual newspaper reading and letter writing which the members engage in when opportunity offers. They all felt the gravity and importance of the situation and gave it their earnest attention and consideration. At the close of the reading a tumultuous cheer arose.

In the senate the scene was similar in all respects. The crowded condition of the gallery and degree of attention to the reading alike were the same. In the diplomatic gallery were seated Chancellor Jules Boeufvofe and Mr. Paul Desoravo of the French legation and Messrs. Herbert and Johnstone of the English legation. The British legation evinced unusual interest in the message, telephoning to the White House this morning to inquired if it were going to congress to-day.

There was no demonstration in the senate over the message but a general sentiment was expressed that it was strong and courageous, while temperate in tone. While the secretary read that portion which related to the dragging of one of the Baltimore's sailors through the streets with a lasso Senator V[illegible] moved uneasily in his chair and gave utterance audibly to an expression that was interpreted to mean, "I'd like to get hold of that policeman"

Immediately after the adjournment senators gathered in little groups to discuss the message. Said Senator Sherman, chairman of the committee on foreign relations "The message is forcible, clear and pointed. It is a matter to be thought over. It would be [illegible] language for me to [illegible]"

Senator Hale, chairman of the committee on naval affairs "Very clear indeed. There are no violent recommendations at all. The only present result will be suspension of diplomatic relations."

Senator Hiscock: "It is a very excellent message indeed. I have no question that the president is right in the position he has taken and I doubt not that the whole country will respond to him."

Senator Daniel, of Virginia, who while in the house served for some years as a member of the foreign affairs committee, said emphatically, "The president ought to be supported in the stand he has taken and he will be."

Senator White, of Louisiana, whose seat adjoins Mr Daniel's, strongly endorsed this view and said the southern states would be found in the front when vindication of the national honor of the country was at stake

The opinions of a number of representatives may be gleaned from the following interviews.

Representative McCreary said "As a member of the committee on foreign relations, I cannot prejudice the issue. We will consider it and do our duty to the country as we find it."

Representative O'Neill of Pennsylvania "A most able state paper and a clear statement of the case."

Representative Outhwaite of Pennsylvania "The message was a most excellent document, a strong patriotic and diplomatic presentation of the case. Congress will certainly support the president until satisfaction is given. I think we could bring Chili to terms by destroying her commerce."

Representative Lyman of Texas "The message is an able presentment of the situation and calculated to arrest the considerable attention of all thoughtful people. The case made against Chili is a grave one and invites deliberate treatment on the part of the government, unless the reasonable demands of the president should be substantially complied with"

Representative Storer of Ohio "It's a good legal document. If the president made any repetitions it was to make the statement more clear and emphatic."

Representative Dolliver of Iowa "It's a great message and it will be unanimously approved by congress and the country. It means that the American flag must be respected by all nations, irrespective of their size."

Representative Hitt of Illinois, ex-chairman of the foreign affairs committee "The message was a splendid petition, able and dignified in its language. If the situation is as the president puts it, it looks as if we suffered a great indignity

Representative Breckenridge of Kentucky "I think first, that the president has made out a good case but it was that of an able lawyer and not as I expected, the petition of a statesman second, that nothing should be done until we carefully examine the evidence to ascertain the Chilian side of the case, third, that the matter has not gone so far that we will have war. I think we can adjust the difficulty peacefully. My views however, may change after a serious consideration of the matter"

Representative Cobb of Missouri "I think the president has made out a remarkably strong case. If the circumstances are as the message states them, the house will stand by the president and not allow the dignity of the United States to be insulted War, however, I think will be averted"

Representative Springer of Illinois "The message is precipitate and should not have been presented now. The president hastened its sending to congress when he knew an apology was coming, in order to make political capital out of it."

Representative Jerry Simpson of Kansas "It reminds me of the brief of a pettifogging lawyer. The quotation from the testimony in the Shields case is a bid to take the wind of the Irish vote out of Blaine's sails."

Representative O'Donnell of Michigan "It is an able document and carries out the broad principle of protection to American citizens in every place where the American flag is allowed to float. I think it presents a serious condition of affairs."

Representative Caruth of Kentucky "A strong impressive, forcible message. It means business and that Chili must back down"

Representative Holman, of Indiana "[illegible] character. So far we may [illegible] the war question now [illegible] all [illegible] of the question [illegible]"

Senator Allison "It is a strong and vigorous message stating the case after a full examination of all the facts by the president. It appears [illegible] and sooner or later will be [illegible]"

Representative [illegible] of Tennessee said the message meant war

Representative E. B. Taylor of Ohio said that there was [illegible] of the house [illegible] sustaining the president

Representative Hayes of Iowa [illegible] expressed himself of the opinion that the message is like the brief of a country lawyer.

Representative Bryan of Nebraska said he did not think partisanship would enter into the consideration of the matter

General Wheeler of Alabama [illegible] approve of the message. He [illegible] said in the president. He could not have said less and what he had to say [illegible]

Representative Hooker of Mississippi a member of the foreign affairs committee said "The message is thoroughly American and if the statement of facts in it are borne out by the correspondence we do mind [illegible] I think there is no disposition to go to Chili but if that Valparaiso assault was caused by the uniform our sailors wore then we must do all we can to maintain the dignity of the flag and to protect the men who sail under it. However I believe enlightened Christian arbitration will intervene and settle the matter peaceably."

Representative Grout of Vermont "It is a statesmanlike representation of a remarkable case that looks serious

Representative Burrows of Michigan "It was an eloquent temperate and dignified presentation of the grievances of this country. Personally I don't want war but I am inclined to think that unless Chili apologizes congress will uphold the president in asserting the rights and dignity of the United States against all countries"

Representative Stockdale of Mississippi "The message is an able state paper. I hope that war will be averted, but the honor of our country must be respected by all nations whether big or little

Senator Gibson of Maryland "I shall support the president in this. This is a serious matter and I approve of his course"

Senator Frye of Maine a member of the committee on foreign relations "The message is clear concise and thorough. It will recommend itself to the people of the country beyond peradventure, and congress will not dare do otherwise than to support the president in his demands upon Chili, even if it has any inclination to do so."

Senator Gray, Delaware a member of the committee on foreign relations, said the value of the message depended very much upon the testimony which accompanied it, that it would have to be weighed and fairly considered that the message was one that demanded and challenged the patriotic attention of every senator and so far as he was concerned, it would have such attention in the committee and in the senate chamber

Senator Morgan, another member of the committee, expressed himself in somewhat similar terms. The message, he said, was a very important document, and would have, by the committee on foreign relations, the careful attention which it deserved

WAR NOTES.

It is stated on high military authority that the army is in condition for immediate service. Twenty thousand United States troops could be thrown into Chili and 100,000 militiamen [illegible] by United States officers, are also ready for service.

Col. P. L. O'Kelly of the Second Regiment of Irish Volunteers of New York city, [illegible] called at the war department and tendered Secretary Elkins the services of his regiment in the event of trouble with Chili. The regiment is composed of 1,000 men. Congressman Stahlnecker accompanied O'Kelly and said that the Second regiment was of the crack organizations of the country and would acquit themselves with credit. Secretary Elkins promised to consider the offer and said he would accept the services of the regiment if he found it necessary

Commodore Folger of the ordnance bureau of the United States army arrived in Pittsburg and immediately visited the armor plant of Carnegie's at Homestead. To-night he was closeted with W. L. Abbott and Henry Phipps, members of the firm. He could not be seen by newspaper men, but it is said that his object in coming to Pittsburg was to facilitate the manufacture of armor plate for cruisers now being constructed

The navy department positively refused to disclose the movements of the United States war vessels. It is known however that Admirals Gherardi's and Walker's fleet are being concentrated in the south Atlantic and are on their way to Chili. The navy department will not announce their whereabouts until they arrive in Chilian waters.

Authentic information has just been received from England that the Chilian government has purchased the cruiser now building at Armstrong's works and that Armstrong is forcing work on the cruiser. This vessel is described as a high speed, 4000-ton cruiser, very similar to the cruiser "Twenty fifth of May," recently constructed by the same firm for the Argentine Republic. It has also become known that within the past few weeks rifle ammunition to the value of more than $1,500,000 has been shipped to Chili. It is evident that Chili's credit or money has not been exhausted by the recent insurrection

A cable message has been received from Captain Evans of the Yorktown, announcing his arrival at Callao Peru, to-day and the safe landing of the Chilian refugees placed under his charge by Minister Egan at that port

Secretary Tracy said last night. In thirty days we will be able to whip the entire Chilian navy. We will pounce on her from the quarter where she least expects it. It will be a naval fight from beginning to end. If either the Puritan or Monterey were ready for sea we could destroy all of Chili's fleet with either one of them. They have some big heavy boats but they only run six or seven knots an hour and our cruisers can run all around them and run them down. The Esmeralda, which is the only vessel in the Chilian navy that we have any reason to fear I believe, in a straight up and down fight barring accidents or emergencies, can be beaten by the Baltimore and that long line of Chilian coast can be made to suffer from our other boats.

The sailors and officers of the Baltimore and Charleston all admit the Chilians are good fighters, but they say neither officers nor men know how to handle ships or guns. Captain Schley in discussing the situation a few days ago said he would not be afraid to meet the entire Chilian navy out in open sea when he could have space for manoeuvering. He said the Baltimore was so much more easily handled than any of the Chilian vessels that she could sail around them and finish them one after another

A Reported Reply

SANTIAGO, Chili, Jan 25 —The Chilian government has sent a reply to the ultimatum of the United States. The reply is in effect as follows. Chili agrees to withdraw the offensive note sent by Senor Matta to all the Chilian ministers abroad and acknowledges that its issuance was due to an error of judgment. Chili also withdraws its request for the withdrawal of United States Minister Egan. In addition the Chilian government in its answer proposes that the affair of the attack on the Baltimore's men in Valparaiso be submitted to the arbitration of some neutral nation. If this proposition is not acceptable to the United States government the Chilian government suggests that the matter be [illegible] to the decision of the supreme court of the United States

CLUB OPENING.

The El Paso Club In Its Handsome New Home

FORMALLY OPENED LAST NIGHT

A Description of the Interior of the New El Paso Club Rooms The Old Club Disbands and the New Club Takes Up Its Existence

Last night was a great occasion for the members of the El Paso club, being the occasion of the formal opening of the new club house.

The occasion was both the annual meeting of the El Paso County club and the organization of the new El Paso club which has succeeded the first named. President Solly called the meeting to order shortly after 8 o'clock the attendance being very large and composed of the most prominent citizens of the place. After calling the roll and closing up the business the old El Paso County club was formally disbanded

Upon a suggestion of Dr Hazelhurst Mr C. F. Noble moved a vote of thanks to the board of trustees for the labor performed in preparing the new club house. As the duties have largely fallen upon the president Dr S. E. Solly a vote of thanks was given that gentleman, all rising to their feet and giving three cheers. Dr Solly thanked the meeting and in a few words expressed appreciation of the assistance he had received from the other members of the board of trustees Messrs. Pease and Barber the architects, and Paul Gerhardt, the contractor. A vote of thanks was also given these gentlemen

The El Paso club was then formally organized and the following board of trustees unanimously elected: Judson Bent, George R Buckman, J. Arthur Connell, Thos. H. Edsall, William F Fisher, James A Hart, H. G Lunt, F. H. Morley, Charles F. Noble, Wm. A Otis, Geo. H Parsons, E. C. G. Robinson, J. Irvine Scott, S. E. Solly, C. H White. These will constitute the board of trustees for the ensuing year. The meeting then adjourned.

After the meeting the members scattered throughout the building to inspect their new club house and shortly after 10 o'clock the dining room doors were thrown open and a collation served. Long tables were set, handsomely trimmed with smilax and cut flowers, and loaded with the most dainty edibles. Louis Henselman, the chef in charge of the club dining rooms, did full justice to the occasion and credit to himself, giving the members a sample of what they may anticipate in the future. It was a late hour before the company were all served.

The history of the El Paso club is familiar to most readers of THE GAZETTE. Organized in 18[illegible], it has progressed constantly with the growth of the city, changing its house several times, but always into larger and better quarters, until to-day it has a club house of its own unequalled in any other city of 18,000 people in the land. This building is already familiar to Colorado Springs people. It stands on the corner of Tejon street and Platte avenue, is built of red pressed brick and has a frame in design. The building is three stories in height with basement and French roof. Plate glass fill the windows, large verandahs surround the front, and altogether the external appearance is very imposing. The architects for the building were Messrs. Pease & Barber of this city, and they are given credit for a very excellent piece of work. The same may be said of the contractor, Mr. Gerhardt.

If the exterior is pleasing, the interior is more so. The main entrance is on the Platte avenue side and leads directly into a large reception hall. This is about twenty five feet square and finished in English black oak. A grand staircase leads from the hall to the floor above, built of black oak, and the carving in this is about the handsomest piece of work of the kind in the city. The woodwork of the building was all done by Gillis Bros & Walsh. The business office is under the stairway. Leading off from the hall are the cloak rooms, a small room where members may consult their business acquaintances privately, the ladies' dining room and the reading and writing room. The reading room occupies the entire Tejon street front of the building, and is 50x30 feet, not counting the big bay window. The walls are in rough finish throughout the building. The woodwork in the reading room is of mahogany to correspond with the furniture, and a large fire-place occupies one end. The floor is of polished hard wood, and by taking up the large dark brown Wilton rug that covers it furnishes an excellent ball room. On the walls are hung handsome etchings and engravings, while pottery and other bric a brac fill the niches. Last evening the windows were filled with potted plants, and in fact they bloomed in every unoccupied portion of the building

At the rear of the reading room is the ladies' dining room. This is a commodious place intended for the wives and other friends of the members, where they can dine in semi-privacy. The wood work of this room is of butternut and on the floor is a handsome velvet carpet of a dark blue pattern. Back of this are the kitchens and serving rooms

Ascending to the floor above the first public room that one comes to is the card and chess room. This is finished in butternut wood to correspond with the tables. On the floor is a dark red carpet of body brussels, and handsome pictures line the walls. These are all water colors by Mr. Walter Paris, but one, a large water color which was a present from Mr J J Hagerman. It is by the Italian artist, E. Finelli, and is entitled, "The Favorite Page." Back of this room is a private office for the trustees.

The billiard room corresponds in size to the reading room on the floor below. It is finished in white oak, and contains two billiard and three pool tables of the latest Brunswick & Balke make. The wood in these correspond to the interior finish of the room. On the floors are Karacho rugs and handsome etchings are on the walls.

The dining room is on the north side of the building. It is finished in butternut and the furniture corresponding. [illegible] as is also the table ware. Back of this is a small private dining room and serving rooms. Meals will be served the members a la carte from 7 a m to midnight, a business lunch from 12 to 2 o'clock and dinner from 6 to 8 o'clock

The third floor is divided into sleeping rooms that will be occupied by members of the club, but are not quite completely furnished. The building is lighted throughout by electricity and heated by steam. The kitchen arrangements are very complete.

It will be seen from the above that the members of the El Paso club have a very handsome and complete home. It will be a pride to the whole city and an attraction to visitors. The club is in a very prosperous condition its membership now reaching 174. Its property is valued at $82,000 the original cost having been $73,000 and the remainder having been expended in building and furnishing

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES

Four firemen were burned to death during a conflagration which destroyed a large warehouse at Ebingen, Wurtemburg.

Baron Peter Emanuel Felix Chazal, the hero of Belgian independence, is dead at the age of 84.

The trial of Adam Curtis for the murder of Policeman Grant began yesterday.

The funeral of the late Justice Joseph P. Bradley will be held from the North Reformed church at 2 o'clock at Newark, N. J., [illegible]

M. I. DECOURSEY, Real Estate Agent!

AGENT FOR SALE OF LOTS IN

Parrish's Addition, Broadmoor,
West End Addition, Nob Hill,
D Russ Wood Addition, Calvert Heights,
Beacon Hill Addition, Colorado City,
Walnut Addition, Manitou,
Orrin's Addition, La Vergne,
Roswell Addition, North End Addition,
Loomis' Addition, Edwards Addition

A lovely Country Estate near town.
The best Corner Lots in the City.
The best Business Lots in the City.

I have some great BARGAINS, both large and small.
I have houses for rent and for sale. I have money to loan.
I can effect insurance in the best companies at the best rates.

Office 12½ South Tejon Street, Colorado Springs Colo.

GRAND CLEARING SALE!

Great Bargains. Goods at Cost.

Commencing January 1st, 1892, we will sell all CHAMBER Suites that cost $25 and upwards at ACTUAL COST. Also a very large variety of other goods will be sold at absolute cost

This Sale is for CASH, and will be continued until all are closed up

To aid this special sale a reduction will be made in the price of all other articles

If you desire to save a dollar, or several of them, here is the opportunity and now is THE TIME. Respectfully,

FAIRLEY BROTHERS.

C. E. Emery & Co.

30 Pike's Peak Avenue.

NEW HATS Just Received.

I. F. Dwinell & Co. Insurance and Real Estate. MONEY TO LOAN. Notary Public.

[illegible]

ROOM 11, [illegible] BANK BUILDING, Colorado Springs, Colo.

VISIT AIKEN'S MUSEUM For Christmas Goods. Prices Very Low.

HE MISSED HIS OPPORTUNITY!

Don't miss yours. The majority neglect their opportunities and from that cause live in poverty and die in obscurity. Life is passing. Reach out. Be up and doing. Improve your opportunities and secure prosperity. It was said by a philosopher that "The Goddess of Fortune offers a golden opportunity to each person at some period of life." Embrace the chance and she pours out her riches. Fail to do so and she departs, never to return. Investigate every chance that [illegible] worthy and of fair promise. That is what successful men do. Here is every [illegible] that does not always come within the reach of persons with moderate [illegible] lot well selected now will certainly bring about the above result. Buy now [illegible] property begins to advance and your prosperity is assured.

For Genuine Bargains call on A. HEMENWAY, 103 E. Huerfano Street.

E. F. WELLES & CO. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in FINE CARRIAGES! AND Horse Goods of Every Description.

English and American Saddles and Bridles, Turf Goods, Whips, Crops, Bits, Spurs, Horse Boots, Robes, Blankets, Brushes, Combs, Soaps, Oils, Leather and Saddlery Hardware.

MANUFACTURERS OF Hand-made Harness from Pure Oak-tanned Leather. All kinds of Strap work. Everything in [illegible] We Invite Your Inspection.

E. F. WELLES & CO., 113 and 115 North Tejon [illegible] Colo.

GODFREY KISSEL, No. 104 Pike's Peak Ave. FOR SALE.

50x190 lot on North Nevada avenue.
Beautiful corner lot, 100x190 facing south on Cascade avenue very cheap.
Large ten room house on West Kiowa near Cascade avenue steam furnace, cellar and all modern improvements.
Eleven room house on West Bijou street, open fire places, bath etc.
50x190 lot with small cottage on North Nevada avenue.
Lot 50x190 on North Tejon street in Edward's Addition cheap.
New cottage on East Cache la Poudre street.
Cottage of eight rooms hard wood finish, furnace, and all modern improvements, stable, etc. on North Tejon street, near college [illegible]
House of ten rooms on East Huerfano street.
Furnished House on North Weber street very cheap.
Long list of Properties unimproved and unimproved, which I should be pleased to show to purchasers.

MONEY TO LOAN.

A. F. BROEGE, Merchant Tailor. New Line Fall Goods in French and German Novelties just received. 21 PIKE'S PEAK AVENUE.

Candy [illegible] "DANIEL WEBSTER" —Best 10c Cigar in [illegible] HAGERMAN BLOCK DRUG STORE.

W. H. LLOYD, AGENT FOR THE [illegible] Western Smoke Preventor. Have just put one of these [illegible] in the [illegible] giving complete satisfaction. Over 400 now in use in Chicago. 23 SOUTH CASCADE AVE

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP, JAN. 1st, 1891.

By mutual consent, the firm of Stark & Tine is this day dissolved. All persons having claims against said firm [illegible] the same for payment, and the [illegible] please call and settle their acc[illegible]

NOTICE OF PARTNERSHIP.

Mr. E. R. Stark and Mr. Wm. E. [illegible] this day formed a partnership under the name of Stark & [illegible] [illegible] A full line of fresh meats [illegible] fruits and vegetables [illegible]

HEADQUARTERS FOR CANDIES AT GOUGH'S [illegible]

NEWS AT [illegible]

THE GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY

THE GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

DAILY IN ADVANCE.

[illegible]

WEEKLY IN ADVANCE.

[illegible]

ADVERTISING

Rates made known on application to the office.

JOB WORK

Facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any establishment in ... of the Manager.

[illegible] ... will be promptly attended to. We cannot hold ... notice is thus given. No claims are allowed against employes of the Gazette to offset any of our accounts. All ... for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday noon. Advertisers ... that we do not want any advertising from the ...

H. A. RIPLEY,
Manager of the Gazette.

A Chilian war would raise a fine crop of candidates.

Speaking of "booms" in connection with the presidency, it is said that Admiral Gherardi has one on board his ship.

The Indians in the Ute Pass are already preparing for the prosperous summer ... which they have a right to expect.

Mr. Cleveland is considering his withdrawal from the campaign of 1892. The Democracy has already considered the same thing.

The presence of two "t's" in Senor Montt's name is explained. He won the extra one from Captain Prat in the three card game.

It is not strange that Spain, once the most bigoted of nations, should now be in a fair way to become the most anarchistic ... is the natural ... of superstition, and ignorance is the ... of them both.

The English Conservative party is in a bad fix ... pretty well convinced that to ... a general election at the present time would ... their sure defeat, and the longer they wait the worse off they grow.

While the working ... of Colorado understand that ... free coinage, that is, the free coinage of silver by the United States ... that they will ... their pay in 70 cent dollars which will only buy seventy ... worth of groceries and cloth and ... they will be ... quick ... to vote ... it.

President Harrison's review of the ... the Baltimore's ... although much of it has already been printed, is of special interest ... being a careful ... of ... Furthermore people who did not follow the controversy closely in its earlier stages will now join in the official indignation against this brutal, cruel, unprovoked and in a ... Chilian attack.

The Gazette again points with pride to the excellent telegraph service and ... facilities which enable us to give the president's message ... every word of it ... in advance of any other paper. ... of President Harrison's official document ... is it is ... like, comprehensive and dignified, and contains the ... of true American patriotism. Its every word is worthy of close attention and ...

Every Colorado City people do not like to be ... on the liquor question ... the profit of the system without the blame and shame. Some Colorado Springs people think that by going outside of the city limits for their ... they avoid all moral responsibility that ... It is whisky that hurts a ... no matter in what ward it is purchased, ... an attack on liquor selling ought not, by any manner or means to be construed as an attack on Colorado City.

It is said that Prince George stands between England and a republic. The ... is not wholly correct. Doubt... the personal popularity of the sovereign amounts to a good deal in that ... republican of monarchies, and Prince George is much more popular than the next heir, the Duke of Fife. But when the English people get ready for a change in their government the character of the reigning monarch or of the heir to the throne will not stand in the way any more than it did in the case of Brazil.

The recent rich strike in the El Paso lode at Cripple Creek is in accord with the record previously established by the camp, that the best showing is made in the ... in which the most work has been done. This speaks well for the permanence and future prosperity of the camp. It would of course be foolish to suppose that all the mines are to be equally good, but the surface showings of the El Paso were no better than at many of the other claims. It is reasonable to expect that there will be a great many more rich strikes at Cripple Creek similar to the one already made.

The loss of Chilian prestige in South America and the gain of that of the United States has already been considerable. Even without the war Chili and the other South Americans can see that she is not at all the first-class power that they were beginning to think her. Nor is there likely to be any feeling against the United States such as would come in other circumstances from an interference in South American affairs. The Chilians are hated and feared by their neighbors, and none will be more glad to see their pride humbled.

Although the opening of the Printers' Home will not occur until May 12, yet active preparations have been begun by the managers of that institution to make the event a notable one. It will be an event that will be heralded throughout the country, and incidentally advertise Colorado Springs as a great health resort. Numerous distinguished visitors will be present in the city, including well known newspaper men, and our citizens should be alive to the occasion. The officers of the chamber of commerce have already signified their intention of assisting in the entertainment, and the citizens generally should make it a personal matter.

The flow from Ouray's hot sulphur spring has been utilized to flush the sewer system and there has been a marked decrease in typhoid fever.

POLITICAL AND MR. ...

COLORADO SPRINGS, Jan. 26, 1892.

To the Editor of The Gazette:

Some ... said that his "hind sight" is better than his "fore sight." In 1876 his fore sight clear the way, clear the track, to Cripple Creek. Buy toll roads, cut away ... all up valleys, to get at ... around to Cripple Creek. Never mind snow, never mind frost, never mind the $10,000 to $30,000 it will cost. Don't you know the county will have to foot the bill, and many who at present, are weary and heavy laden, with unproductive ... bought at high prices, will be able to shift their burden. Let there be no delay, hurry up, or Canon City and Pueblo will get there before us.

Eighteen ninety-four, his "hind sight." Well, the county commissioners were egged on until they constructed a wagon road to Cripple Creek, at a cost of $30,000. Fremont, Lawrence and Love's Ranch, all become lively and prosperous towns; that extensive mining region has proved a great success. The Midland railroad has put in a short line road from their main line, the D. & R. G. railroad have connected Canon City and Pueblo with Cripple Creek, greatly to the advantage of the business in all that mining district; and freight and passengers can be carried between Cripple Creek and Colorado Springs at one-third the cost of the $30,000 mountain wagon road, and as the Midland so soon made connection with the mining district, the mountain wagon road has not been used except by a few tourists, and no person goes over the road the second time, as the railroad makes the run to the district in three hours while it takes nine to eleven hours by the wagon road. His "hind sight" revealed to him that although Cripple Creek was a great success, and in El Paso county, yet there was no boom in real estate in Colorado Springs, mainly because the prices are so high, and especially because the taxes are so high, and increasing every year. It is not profitable to hold real estate as an investment, the city and county have been so extravagant in expenses that the great taxes are a great drawback on all kinds of business; even a proposition for a $50,000 court house is urged by some. Now that Canon City has connection with Cripple Creek by railroad, capital is largely turned in that direction on account of present and future prospective taxes in El Paso county.

"TAXPAYER."

WESTERN BREVITIES.

The good feeling shown between the two best papers at Ouray and the two at Grand Junction is pleasant to see.

... are plowing in western Colorado snow plowing.

Collbran-Debeque has a new paper, The Ledger.

A franchise has been granted for a telegraph line from Canon City to Cripple Creek.

Telluride was named for the ore tellurium, and there is ... of it found ... than any other kind.

The Leadville Dispatch of Sunday morning had eight columns about Cripple Creek.

Four thousand three hundred feet of the 9,000-foot Midland tunnel has been completed. So far the entire distance has had to be timbered. The contractors must find ... that will ... without timbers or it will take ... yet to finish the work at a ...

The Midland and Rio Grande are arranging for a union depot at Glenwood.

Sports Afield ... of the ... advertisements of Colorado's wonderful game ... that could be sent ...

... Leadville Dispatch has discontinued its daily ...

Cripple Creek Camp is a fixture. A ... a bank there.

How to Teach Tricks to Cats.

Cats are more difficult to teach than are any other animals. Still, patience, perseverance and food will go a long way. The best food to use is fish, and the kitten should not be too hungry. To train kittens to dance you first teach them to sit up by holding bits of food just above them. Then hold the finger only so soon as they rise readily to the food, and reward them for lifting the forefeet from the floor. Move the finger to one side and feed the kitten just as soon as it turns the body. Move the finger to the other side, and keep this up until when your finger moves the kitten will move its body with it. The next step is to make the kitten stand on its hind feet. At first you must support it for a second, feeding it for retaining the position. At last the kitten will stand and bow to the right and left when you merely move your finger, and this is called dancing. Of course when giving the lessons you will see that you are alone in the room with your little pupil, as the presence of any one else will distract the kitten's attention. Do not punish it, no matter how slow it may be.

How to Make "Ivory" Black Polish.

Mix ivory black with copal varnish. The best method of mixing is to rub the black with a small quantity of the varnish until it is all moistened, and then add a sufficient quantity of the varnish to reduce it to the proper degree of consistency. This black, being elastic, can be used upon collars as well as other parts of the harness and as a renovator for carriage tops, etc.

How to Select Sandpaper.

When about to buy sandpaper, rub your finger roughly over the surface to see if the sand is well secured. Then tear the corner to test its strength. If poorly made or rotten, don't buy it.

How to Train a Setter.

Three things are necessary to remember in training any dog: first, what he most desires; second, what he most fears, and third, that instinct will lead him certainly to certain results.

Your dog desires food more than anything else, and the person who feeds him must to his apprehension his best friend. Therefore feed him yourself. Be cruel with him for a time in order to be kinder afterward. Starve him for two days, tying him up and giving him nothing whatever but water during that time. Then feed him. You won't have to do this more than two or three times.

Pain is the only thing he fears. After he has learned to love you, make him fear you. Keep a stout whip always at hand and thrash him heartily for every fault, especially for disobedience to your orders, but never strike him excepting at the moment of the offense; otherwise he will not understand the pain and it will do him no good.

Teach him to retrieve when he is a puppy. You can do this readily and easily, after having taught him always to come to you at call. Use a rubber ball which he will run after without coaxing, and which he will bring at call after he has learned that a call back must always be obeyed. Never allow him to disobey this or any other command that he can understand without prompt punishment. Pat his head and speak kindly when he obeys.

Take him in the field with an old dog already broken, and if his breed is good and his nose not diseased he will follow scent by instinct and mimic the old dog in all his maneuvers. The only thing to guard against is his roving too far afield. He will learn the field words of command by seeing the old dog obey them, and after two or three trials will retrieve your birds.

A New Jubilee.

"I say, it is about time our friend Albrecht got married; he has been engaged long enough."

"That's what I say. In fact, he is not far off celebrating his silver betrothal."—Fliegende Blaetter.

THE MESSAGE.

[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

for which a full responsibility was assumed. We cannot consent that these ... to ... perversions of the truth shall be used to excite a murderous attack upon our unoffending sailors and the government of Chili go acquit of the responsibility. In fact the conduct of this government during the war in Chili pursued those lines of international duty which we had so strongly insisted upon on the part of other nations when this country was in the throes of a civil conflict. We continued the established diplomatic relations with the government in power until it was overthrown and promptly and cordially recognized the new government when it was established. The good offices of the government were offered to bring about peaceful adjustment, and the interposition of Mr. Egan to mitigate severities and to shelter adherents to its congressional party were effective and frequent. The charge against Admiral Brown is too base to gain credence with anyone who knows his high personal character.

The La Patria, in the same issue from which I have already quoted, after describing the killing of Riggin and the fight which at that point extended to the mole, says: "At the same time in other streets of the port the Yankee sailors fought fiercely with the people of the town who believed to see in them incarnate enemies of the Chilian navy." The testimony of Captain Jenkins of the American merchant ship Keweenaw, who had gone to Valparaiso for repairs and who was a witness of some part of the assault upon the crew of the Baltimore, is strongly corroborating the testimony of our own sailors when he says that he saw Chilian sentries drive back a seaman seeking shelter upon a mob that was pursuing him. The officers and men of Captain Jenkins' ship furnish the most conclusive testimony as to the indignities which were practiced toward Americans in Valparaiso when American sailors, even of the merchant ships, could only secure their safety by denying their nationality. It must be time to readjust our relations with a government that permits such demonstrations.

THE POLICE PARTICIPATED.

As to the participation of the police, the evidence of our sailors shows that our men were struck and beaten by police officers before and after arrest, and that one at least was dragged with a ... about his neck by a mounted policeman. That the death of Riggin was the result of a rifle shot fired by a policeman or a soldier on duty, is shown directly by the testimony of Johnson in whose arms he was at the time; and by the evidence of Charles Langen, an American sailor, not then a member of the Baltimore's crew, who stood close by and saw the transaction. The Chilian authorities do not pretend to fix the responsibility of this shot upon any particular person but avow their inability to ascertain who fired it, further than that it was fired from a crowd. The character of the wound, as described by one of the surgeons of the Baltimore, clearly supports his opinion that it was made by a rifle ball, the orifice being as much as an inch and a quarter in width. When shot, the poor fellow was unconscious in the arms of a comrade who was endeavoring to carry him to a neighboring drug store for treatment. The story of the police that in coming up the street they passed the men and left them behind is inconsistent with their own statements as to the direction of their approach and with their duty to protect them. In fact Riggin was not behind, but in front of the advancing forces, and was not standing in the ..., but was unconscious and supported in the arms of Johnson when he was shot.

CHILI'S COMMUNICATIONS.

The communications of the Chilian government in relation to this cruel and disastrous attack upon our men, as will appear from the correspondence, have not in any degree taken the form of a manly and satisfactory expression of regret, much less of apology. The event was of so serious a character that if the injuries suffered by our men had been wholly the result of an accident in a Chilian port the incident was grave enough to have called for some public expression of sympathy and regret from the local authorities. It is not enough to say that the affair was lamentable, for humanity would require that expression, even if the beating and killing of our men had been justifiable. It is not enough to say that the incident is regretted, coupled with the statement that the affair was not of an unusual character in a port where foreign sailors are accustomed to meet; it is not for a generous and sincere government to seek for words of small or equivocal meaning in which to convey to a friendly power an apology for an offense so atrocious as this.

A PARALLEL.

In the case of the assault by a mob in New Orleans upon the Spanish consulate in 1851 Mr. Webster wrote to the Spanish minister, Mr. Calderon, that the acts complained of were "A disgraceful and flagrant breach of duty and propriety," and that his government "regrets them as deeply as Minister Calderon or his government could possibly do." That these acts have caused the president great pain and he thinks a proper acknowledgment is due to his majesty. He requested the Spanish consul to return to his post, guaranteeing protection, and offered to salute the Spanish flag if the consul should come in a Spanish vessel. Such a treatment by the government of Chili of this assault would have been more creditable to the Chilian authorities, and much less can hardly be satisfactory to a government that values its dignity and honor.

CHILIAN DELAY.

In our note of October 23d last, which appears in the correspondence, after receiving the report of the board of officers appointed by Captain Schley to investigate the affair, the Chilian government was advised of the aspect which it then assumed and called upon for any facts in its possession that might tend to modify the unfavorable impression which our report had created. It is very clear from the correspondence that before the receipt of this note, the examination was regarded by the police authorities as practically closed. It was, however, reopened and protracted through a period of nearly three months. We might justly have complained of this unreasonable delay, but in view of the fact that the government of Chili was still provisional, and with a disposition to be forbearing and hopeful of a friendly termination I have awaited the report which has but recently been made.

THE ULTIMATUM.

On the 21st inst. I caused to be communicated to the government of Chili by the American minister at Santiago the conclusions of this government after a full consideration of all the correspondence and every suggestion affecting this matter, and to these conclusions I adhere. They were stated as follows:

"First—That the assault is not relieved of the aspect which the early information of the event gave to it, viz: That of an attack upon the uniform of the United States navy having its origin and motive in a feeling of hostility to this government and not in any act of the sailors or of any of them.

"Second—That the public authorities of Valparaiso flagrantly failed in their duty to protect our men and that some of the police and of the Chilian soldiers and sailors were themselves guilty of unprovoked assaults upon sailors before and after arrest. He (the president) thinks the preponderance of the evidence and the inherent probabilities lead to the conclusion that Riggin was killed by the police or soldiers.

"Third—That he (the president) is therefore compelled to bring the case back to the position taken by this government in the note of Mr. Wharton on October 23 last and to ask for a suitable apology and for some adequate reparation for the injury done to this government."

MATTA'S IMPERTINENCE.

In the same notes the attention of the Chilian government was called to the offensive character of a note addressed by Mr. Matta, its minister of foreign affairs to Mr. Montt, its minister at the capital, on the 11th ult. The despatch was not officially communicated to this government, but as Mr. Montt was directed to translate it and give it to the president of this country it is assured to me that it could not pass without official notice. It was not only undiplomatic but grossly insulting to our naval officers and to the executive department as it directly imputed untruth and insincerity as to the reports of the naval officers and the official communications made by the executive department to congress. It will be observed that I have notified the Chilian government that unless this note is at once withdrawn and an apology as public as the offense made, I will terminate diplomatic relations.

THE LATEST INSOLENCE.

The request for the recall of Mr. Egan upon the ground that he was not "persona grata" was unaccompanied by any suggestions that could properly be used in support of it and I infer that the request is based on official acts of Mr. Egan which have received the approval of our government. But however that may be I could not consent to consider such a question until it had been settled whether our correspondence with Chili could be conducted upon a basis of mutual respect.

Having submitted the papers to congress for that grave and patriotic consideration which the question involved demands, I desire to say that I am of the opinion that the demands made of Chili by this government should be adhered to and enforced.

OUR PEACEFUL POLICY.

If the dignity, as well as the prestige and influence of the United States are not to be wholly sacrificed, we must protect those who, in foreign ports, display the flag or wear the colors of the government against insult, brutality and death, inflicted on resentment of the acts of their government and not for any fault of their own. It has been my desire in every way to cultivate friendly and intimate relations with all the governments of this hemisphere. We do not covet their territory nor their peace and prosperity. We look for no advantage in our relations with them except the increased exchanges of commerce upon a basis of mutual benefit. We regret every civil contest that disturbs their peace and paralyzes their development and are always ready to give them our good offices for the restoration of peace.

THE QUESTION CASE.

It must, however, be understood that the government while exercising the utmost forbearance towards weaker powers will extend its strong and adequate protection to its citizens, to its officers and to its humblest sailor when made the victims of wantonness and cruelty in resentment, not of their personal conduct, but of the official acts of their government.

Upon information received that Patrick Shields, an Irishman and probably a British subject, yet at the time a fireman of the American steamer Keweenaw in the harbor of Valparaiso for repairs, had been subjected to personal injuries in that city, largely by the police, I directed the attorney general to cause the evidence of the officers and crew of that vessel to be taken upon its arrival in San Francisco and that testimony is herewith transmitted. The brutality and even savagery of the treatment of this poor man by the Chilian police would be incredible if the evidence of Shields was not supported by other direct testimony and by the distressing condition of the man himself when he was finally able to reach his vessel. The captain of the vessel says, "he came back a wreck, black from his neck to his hips from a beating; weak and stupid, is still in a kind of paralysis and has never been able to do duty since."

A claim for reparation has been made on behalf of this man, for while he was not a citizen of the United States the doctrine so long held by us is expressed in the consular regulations. The principles which are maintained by this government in regard to the protection as distinguished from the relief of seamen are well settled. It is held that the circumstance that the vessel is American is evidence that seamen on board are such and in every regularly documented merchant vessel the crew will find their protection in the flag that covers them. I have as yet received no reply to our note of the 21st inst., but in my opinion I ought not to delay longer to bring these matters to the attention of congress for such action as may be deemed appropriate.

BENJAMIN HARRISON.

Executive Mansion, Jan 25, 1892.

How the Expression "Before You Can Say Jack Robinson" Originated.

This current phrase is derived from a humorous song by Hudson, a tobacconist in Shoe lane, London, England, who lived about the close of the last century. He was a professional song writer and vocalist, who was engaged at supper rooms and theatrical performances.

How the Apostles Died.

St. Matthew is supposed to have suffered martyrdom or to have been slain with a sword in Arabia Felix. St. Mark was dragged through the streets of Alexandria in Egypt until he expired. St. Luke was hanged upon an olive tree in Greece. St. John was put into a caldron of boiling oil in Rome, but escaped death. He afterward died a natural death at Ephesus in Asia. St. James the Great was beheaded at Jerusalem. St. James the Less was thrown from a pinnacle or wing of the temple and then beaten to death with a fuller's club. St. Philip was hanged up against a pillar at Hieropolis, a city of Phrygia. St. Bartholomew was flayed alive by the command of a barbarous king. St. Andrew was bound to a cross, from which he preached to the people until he expired. St. Thomas was run through the body with a lance at Coronadel in the East Indies. St. Jude was shot to death with arrows. St. Simon Zealot was crucified in Persia. St. Matthias was first stoned and then beheaded. St. Barnabas was stoned to death by the Jews at Salania. St. Paul was beheaded at Rome by the tyrant Nero. St. Peter, or Simon Peter, according to the tradition of the early church, was crucified at Rome about the same time as St. Paul.

How the Russians Keep Eggs.

They set them small end down in crocks, then pour in melted tallow till the crock is full and let it harden.

How to Solder.

A tinker needs few tools for his soldering. A fire, a soldering iron, a bar of solder, a lump of rosin and a brick will set him up in trade. Watch him never so closely and you will be likely to miss one trick on which his success hangs. If you try soldering yourself you must know it. Heat your iron very hot, not necessarily red hot; but hot enough to melt the solder on contact. Then let a few drops of the solder fall on the brick and rub the iron in the molten metal till it (the iron) is well covered. Then go ahead; the rest is easy. Crumble a little rosin on the spot that is to be tinkered. Melt as much solder as you need letting it fall on the rosin, and rub the iron over it till you have it well in place. It will cool very quickly. If you don't cover the iron thinly with solder first you can't do the job.

An Indirect Appeal.

There is company to dinner, and Margot has been strictly enjoined not to ask for anything. The guests were very lively, and, at the second course, materfamilias forgot, in the heat of conversation, to serve the little one. A few minutes afterward the servant was ordered to bring another plate.

Margot (bashfully)—Will you have mine, mother dear, it is quite clean.—Journal Illustre.

An Old Settler.

Lord Nobby (to Nevada Nick)—Y' must 'ave lived 'ere a good while, eh?

Nevada Nick—See that mountain thar? That was a hole in the ground when I came here.—Drake's Magazine.

FLORENCE REBUILT.

THE MEDIÆVAL CITY OF ROMANTIC ITALY MODERNIZED.

The "House of the Arts" Once Famous for Its Artistic Buildings, Its Historic Palaces, Its Picturesque Towers and Rough Old Walls Is Destroyed.

Looked at from an artistic point of view Florence is nothing if not medieval, and her recent attempts to modernize herself are not only pitiably commonplace, but bitterly disappointing to lovers of romance. During the last three years a great part of old Florence, including the Ghetto and the tall, dark, mysterious houses with labyrinthine cellars in that network of alleys which once formed the old market, has been torn down, and medieval Florence, or that part of it where the quarrelsome Florentines lived and loved and fought their neighbors, has been destroyed.

As the physical and moral health of present and future Florentines is of far greater importance than anything artistic, and as fresh air and light should be shared by all men alike, we would not, even if we could, obstruct the work of demolition. But one cannot help asking why Florence rebuilt should be so mediocre.

The new square of Victor Emmanuel, scooped out of the very heart of the old market, is square as square can be. Broad streets are cut from it at right angles in the most improved Nineteenth century fashion. They drew red lines up and down and across the old quarter and cut plumb through the lines, barking off the face of one house, the rear of another and the corner cupboard of a third. They cut through massive walls, which had withstood the storms of centuries, lopping off heraldic bearings and mural decorations, which we should be glad of an excuse to put up somewhere, and demolishing historic landmarks, picturesque arches, quaint balconies, winding stairs, dim recesses and hallowed associations with the ruthless hand of modern utility.

DREARY SQUARES.

Flat faced, expressionless houses rise on all sides of the dusty Piazza and just in the center stands the equestrian statue of Victor Emmanuel.

This statue may be good; I am too ignorant on such matters to express an opinion. The horse is very, very big and carries his tail rampant; Victor's mustache is very, very fierce and evidently just waxed. If the short, clumsy man looks too small for the big, clumsy horse you are reminded that the soldier king always rode a big horse.

The bronze of the entire structure is polished and shining—quite unlike the bronze of Cellini's Perseus; though perhaps that, too, shone defiantly when it was fresh from the mold.

But the square! Surely we inartistic, blundering, semibarbarous Americans might have perpetrated nothing worse in a mushroom city. People say there is "nothing objectionable about it," and to say that of a public square is quite as bad as to say of an acquaintance that he is "well meaning." There is, indeed, nothing objectionable about it except its unobjectionability.

From the old walls of historic Florence rose frequent towers of stone, rough but picturesque, built for purposes of defense in times when it was a part of each day's routine for men to kill each other. Even now, reaching high above the surrounding roofs and commanding wide views over the outlying country, they lend a rugged air of protection to the fair flower city.

Well, into our brand new square has been built a new tower, massive and rugged, grim and warlike—at least it was meant to look so, being an exact copy of the ancient ones. It was built to gratify the hearts of the antiquarians, who only laugh when they look at it. Ah, but they laugh sadly!

MODERN VANDALISM.

With all their artistic and architectural past; with imperishable monuments starring their city; with the grand gothic of the Duomo and the lily bloom of the bell tower; with the stately magnificence of scores of palaces; with the spring of arch, the point of spire, the infinite delicacy of handiwork in wood and iron and stone; in short, with the profusion of the beautiful which lies all about them, Florentines ought to know better.

The vandalism of Florence is but a copy of the vandalism of Rome, which has gone on until now old Rome is dismantled and is rapidly becoming the most modern city of Italy.

Here are commonplace, dreary squares, rows and streets of blank, hideous houses; windows and doors cut off by the yard, and such interiors! Here in Italy, home of the Arts! Verily, the Arts are slumbering.

Out of it all I have evolved for myself a comforting reflection. From the shadows of her misty bygone years, having shaken off the shackles of oppression and superstition, young Italy is reaching out eagerly toward all that is fresh and clean and modern.

Let us have patience; we are modern ourselves.

But just as we discriminate between good gothic and bad gothic, the generations to come will discriminate between good modern and bad modern. Hitherto I have asked myself why should America be sneered at and despised for crudities of art or manners? She has had mightier work to do than erect campaniles, round cupolas, chip out statues or polish her speech. These things are the flower of a healthy, deep rooted civilization, and our America is planted so deep that the flower must one day bloom.—Jeannie P. Rudel in Kate Field's Washington.

How to Smooth Ribbon.

Place a moderately hot flatiron on the ironing board, the ribbon under the iron, and pull it carefully through.

CREAM!

Pure Rye,

Is remarkable for its absolute purity, nutritive value, smooth taste, rich quality and delicious bouquet.

It is recommended by physicians as helpful to wasted lungs, an appetizer and wholesome stimulant for weak constitution. Unlike inferior whiskies it does not scald nor rasp the throat. For sale only by high-class dealers and druggists.

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Davies' Fragrant Chaptilla.

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The Great Divide "yanks the whole bakery." I always look for it anxiously; read it carefully; pass it around, and then hurry it eastward to my friends. I could not do without it, nor do I see how any man can who loves the mountains, and the "Wild and Woolly West." I will certainly renew my subscription.

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EDWIN B. GROVER, 1610 Curtis St.,
Oct. 17, 1891. Denver, Colo.

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N. Weber St., 10 rooms, bath, steam heat and large grounds
219 N. Nevada Ave., 11 rooms and 2 baths, heated with hot water
203 N. Cascade Ave., 10 rooms, bath, stable
117 N. Weber, 11 rooms and bath
1811 N. Cascade Ave., 8 rooms and barn
715 N. Cascade Ave., 9 rooms and barn
125 N. Weber, 9 rooms and bath, partly furnished
517 N. Tejon, 8 rooms and bath, stable
1318 N. Cascade Ave., 9 rooms and ...
317 N. Tejon, 7 rooms and bath, barn
Northwest corner Weber and St. Vrain, rooms and bath
1215 N. Tejon, 7 rooms and bath
524 N. Weber, 6 rooms and bath
763 E. Cache la Poudre, 4 rooms
521 E. St. Vrain, 5 rooms, partly furnished

Unfurnished.

N. Cascade Ave., 12 rooms and bath, stable, all conveniences	[illegible]
East Bijou street, new brick house, rooms, all conveniences	[illegible]
219 N. Nevada avenue, 11 rooms and bath, hot water heat	50 00
200 East Dale street, 8 rooms and bath	[illegible]
214 E. Dale, 8 rooms and bath	[illegible]
517 N. Tejon St., 8 rooms, bath, stable	[illegible]
N. Tejon St., 9 rooms and bath	[illegible]
1019 North Wahsatch, 7 rooms, bath	[illegible]
423 N. Tejon st., 8 rooms and bath, stable	[illegible]
Wood Ave., brick house, 8 rooms and ...	[illegible]
123 S. Cascade, 8 rooms	[illegible]
Uintah St., 8 rooms; stable	[illegible]
324 N. Nevada, 6 rooms	[illegible]
1302 N. Weber, 6 rooms, stable	[illegible]
315 East Platte, 5 rooms	[illegible]
119 E. Boulder, 6 rooms	[illegible]
Willamette Ave., 7 rooms	[illegible]
217 S. Weber, 7 rooms	[illegible]
113 E. St. Vrain, 4 rooms	[illegible]
Rear of 219 N. Nevada, 4 rooms	[illegible]
Uintah St., 4 rooms	13 00
113 E. Costilla, 4 rooms	12 00
Corona St., 3 rooms, cellar	11 00
8 W. Las Animas, 4 rooms	11 00
107 S. Weber, 4 rooms	11 00
Rear 17 N. Tejon, 2 rooms	9 00
713 S. Nevada, 2 rooms	6 00

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Large corner store on North Tejon street	100 00
SW. corner Tejon and Kiowa Sts.	90 00
9 East Huerfano street	75 00
Store on Pike's Peak avenue	65 00
14 rooms over 12 E. Pike's Peak Ave	50 00
18 E. Kiowa St	40 00
3 stores, W. Huerfano st. each	[illegible]
Rooms over 109 East Huerfano	[illegible]
Offices in Robertson and Strettell Blocks	[illegible]

Offices in Gazette Building, singly or en suite.

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A large stone residence on corner lot ... feet; fronts south and east; large stable and other outbuildings on the premises. The lawn is extensive and the shrubbery and trees well grown and of rare varieties. The property is sold to close an estate and favorable figures and terms can be made.

I have a long list of other properties, improved and unimproved, which I should be pleased to show parties desiring to purchase who may favor me with a call.

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AMATEUR THEATRICALS

How to Make Stage Properties at Small Cost.

THUNDER, LIGHTNING AND SNOW

All May Be Easily Counterfeited for Few Cents. The Ethics of Lighting a Performance A Mechanical Storm Rolling Engines and Tolling Bells

One reason why amateur theatricals often lack effectiveness is that too little attention is given to the details of stage accessories or properties. This is largely due no doubt to lack of knowledge but is also often attributable to neglect—a feeling that such minor matters are not worth bothering with. No mistake could be greater. This is fully recognized on the professional stage (as is seen by the growth of the THUNDER stage train box) and the sooner amateurs learn it the sooner will they give credible performances.

Of course it is not possible or expected that amateurs can vie with professionals in this line because of the expense but there are many little details which may be attended to at small cost.

A little while ago I was present at an amateur performance in a Massachusetts town. It was given under the auspices of a church. The actors had been carefully trained in their parts and played them surprisingly well. But the strongest comedy scene in the play was ruined by lack of attention to mechanical details. A thunderstorm was supposed to be in progress at night and the two heroes alternately refused to marry the hero and claim to him in a lecture of fright over the shocks and lightning. She acted her part very well indeed but the thunder was so poorly imitated that the audience failed to comprehend at first why she acted as if she were scared and there wasn't any lightning at all.

FIG 1 THE THUNDER BOX

It would have been a very easy matter to make good stage thunder by spending a dollar if the amateurs had only known it, and ten cents would have furnished stage lightning enough for a whole summer season.

There are many ways of producing stage thunder but the one here outlined are the simplest and as good as any. Bucksot may be dribbled through the fingers and dropped from as great a height as possible on a big piece of tin suspended a few inches above the floor. A half pound stone or chunk of metal of like weight should at irregular intervals be dropped with the shot to imitate the heavier claps. This plan, I believe, was the first one invented.

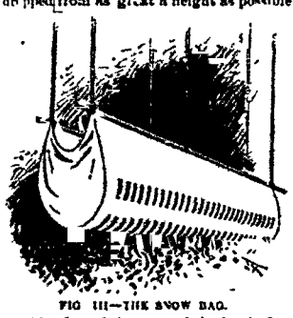

FIG III—THE SNOW BAG.

A much simpler and equally effective scheme is to have a sheet of tin as large as possible suspended from the ceiling behind the scenes. By grasping its lower edge and shaking it slightly for the distant sound and violently for the heavy roll—a spirited imitation of thunder is obtained. This plan is in use in dozens of first class theaters today.

But the best arrangement that has come under my notice was brought to America by the Duke of Saxe-Meiningen's company of German actors. The cut (Fig 1) shows what it is. They called it a thunder box. In the upper compartment are confined a number of metal balls of varying size the more the better. By pulling the catch at the side these balls are released, a few at a time, and allowed to roll down the box, striking each inclined projection in turn. The imitation of thunder thus obtained is startlingly perfect. At the Thalia theater in New York, where this contrivance was first used in America, the boxes were made from cellar to garret thus giving a long and graduated peal but when a few nights ago I saw a similar arrangement used by amateurs in a private house, a box long enough to extend from one corner of the room diagonally down the opposite lower corner was sufficient to make very realistic stage thunder. Any tinsmith would build a rough box of this sort for four or five dollars.

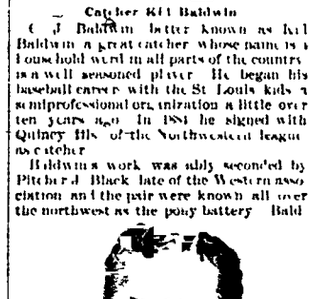

FIG II—MAKING STAGE LIGHTNING

A very effective flash of stage lightning can be produced by putting a pinch of magnesium powder in a penny blowpipe and puffing it through the flame of a gas or candle in the wings. (See Fig 2.)

After thunder and lightning snowstorms are the natural phenomena most likely to be called for in plays. They are easily imitated. Make bags like the one noted in the cut (Fig 3) and six or eight feet long. They have large slits in the bottoms. One of these should be hung in the flies behind each border light that nearest the audience. They should be filled with small pieces of tissue paper cut in irregular shapes. Lines should run from the bags to a convenient place behind the scenes. When by means of these lines the bags are shaken the tissue paper will fall through the slits and float gracefully downward precisely as snowflakes do. If an actor is supposed to come in out of a snowstorm table salt may be dusted on his hat and shoulders will make a very good substitute for snow.

The whistling of the wind may be counterfeited in any one of a dozen ways. The most admirable arrangement I ever saw consisted of a darky who stood in the wings of a Rochester (N. Y.) theater and whenever they wanted the wind to whistle he forced the air through his teeth in a peculiar way. That darky could shriek like a sweeping cyclone or blow like the breath of a summer breeze as it wafts across the slowly shifting sands of Waimanalo. A substitute for the darky can be made by running a fine hard cord over two wheels, as a hand is run over the pulleys of a machine. When the wheels are whirled a wail like that of the wind will be produced which will raise or lower in pitch according as the wheels are turned slowly or fast.

The puffing of a locomotive may be counterfeited by rubbing stiff wire brushes together.

An iron crowbar suspended behind the scenes makes a good substitute for a tolling bell or striking clock, when struck with another piece of metal.

A rising or setting moon may be imitated by putting a bright light (a kerosene lamp with a good reflector will do) behind a disk of yellow paper in a slide arranged with pulleys as shown in Fig 4, behind a gauze backcloth.

For a moonlight scene the light should be thrown over the whole stage. If the club can afford to hire a calcium or limelight it can take advantage of lighting their stage during their performances as the whole matter can be safely left in his care, but the average amateurs don't care to go to so much expense. Any careful member of the club can light the stage well enough by using colored lanterns, keep with colored lights on the stage will have practically the same effect as the mixing of paints of corresponding colors would have on a palette.

It is attention to these little details that gives a performance its finish and elegance.

EDWARD MARSHALL.

Catcher Bill Baldwin

Cy J. Baldwin better known as Bill Baldwin a great catcher whose name is a household word in all parts of the country is a well seasoned player. He began his baseball career with the St. Louis kids a semiprofessional organization a little over ten years ago. In 1884 he signed with Quincy Ills. of the Northwestern league as catcher.

Baldwin's work was ably seconded by Pitcher J. Black late of the Western association and the pair were known all over the northwest as the pony battery. Bald

BILL BALDWIN

win signed with Cincinnati in 1886 and played with that club for six successive seasons, always doing the bulk of the catching. In 1887 he caught 117 games, no less than fifty of them being in succession. In 1891 he was a member of the St. Paul club of the Western association, and played winning ball for that team till they were disbanded about the middle of the season. Baldwin is a good man in any position an accurate thrower and an excellent coach for young players.

A Notable Stage Wedding.

The recent marriage of Audrey Boucicault to Amy Corinne Busby has attracted attention outside of theatrical circles as well as in. Both bride and groom are widely known as capable members of Mr Stuart Robson's company, and besides

A. BOUCICAULT — AMY B. BOUCICAULT

that the young man is the son of the late Dion Boucicault, the famous playwright and actor. The young people have known each other something more than a year their acquaintance beginning when they were obliged to play the parts of lovers on the stage. This counterfeit affection soon blossomed into a real life attachment. Mrs Boucicault is only eighteen years old and is a Rochester (N. Y.) girl.

Cure for Obesity

A certain fat man in New York who wished to reduce his weight began by collecting pamphlets offered by firms that advertise cures for obesity. He was much struck by the fact that all agreed in one particular. While each firm advised the regular taking of its particular cure and several said, "Others are useless or worse," all insisted that a great deal of exercise and a peculiar diet must be taken with the medicine.

About six months afterward the pamphlet collector, now no longer a fat man, entered a New York drug store.

"I'm eternally obliged to you," he said to the proprietor.

"How's that, sir?"

"Six months ago I weighed 227 pounds. Now I weigh only 180."

"Would you kindly give me your name and address, sir?" said the patent medicine vendor in great delight.

"Certainly," and he gave it.

"Now sir if you'd allow us to refer to your case we should be greatly obliged."

"Certainly. That's what I came in for. I've written out a certificate."

He handed it to the delighted proprietor repeated "I'm eternally obliged to you, and departed.

Then the druggist read the following certificate:

"I have much pleasure in recommending Mr's pamphlet on the cure of obesity. In consequence of reading it, I have reduced my weight in six months from 227 to 90 pounds with great benefit to my general health. I rigidly followed the pamphlet's advice to take regular exercise and eschew fatty, starchy and sweet foods. This saved me a good deal of money, for I never took one particle of Mr's medicine."—Youth's Companion.

A Gloomy Day

Little Girl—What makes Jane so bad tempered today?

Mother—It's hard to say. Good News

Highest of all in Leavening Power. Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

HOTEL ARRIVALS

THE ANTLERS

H. P. Lillibridge Cleveland O. W. W. Berington Chicago. W. C. Turner and servant. W. B. Hughes Fort Rock. C. N. Morphy S. S. Berry, New York. A. Higgins, Denver. Geo. W. Lyon and wife Mrs. F. Lynch New York. Chas. P. Ferguson, R. Cowan F. C. Barney. Hon. C. Carson Denver. Chas. W. Carton Philadelphia. A. W. Bailey and wife Denver. Wm. Caldwell J. H. Young. Chicago. Geo. C. Raymond and wife Chicago. Jas. Leary San Francisco. E. A. Lee St. Joe. A. E. Shearer St. Louis. Miss Eva Taylor Kentucky.

THE VENDOME

H. L. Kirk Elgin. J. C. Smith St. Louis. J. Fischer. J. B. Hutchinson. S. B. Grimsley. Chicago. A. Cockrell and wife. J. J. Thomas. R. L. Hurar. W. H. M. Brandon. W. F. Dansfield. D. C. Hyde Denver. R. C. Filson St. Joe. H. C. Fry Chicago. M. J. Scanlon Rio Grande. Va. H. T. Silver San Francisco.

BEAUTIFUL OKLAHOMA

The exciting incidents of the two great invasions of Oklahoma (or Cherokee) by land seekers on April 22 1889 and September 22nd 1891 have given that section the prominence in the place in which it stands today. Of Uncle Sam's farms. The latter recently secured cattle in the Old Indian Nation. It is a fertile waste of reservation lying directly east of Guthrie and Oklahoma City and is reached by the A. T. & S. F. R. R. They will construct to Guthrie and Oklahoma City respectively on September 1st. Claims can be bought at reasonable figures. For the census of cotton and wheat and fruit Oklahoma excels.

Write to G. T. Nicholson G. P. & T. A. Topeka Kansas or J. P. Hall General Passenger Agent Denver Colorado for a specially prepared 116 page illustrated pamphlet relative to Beautiful Oklahoma.

Train 69 leaving at 3.1 p. m. on the Santa Fe going east now carries through Parlor Chair cars between Pueblo and Chicago also a Chair Car between Denver and Canon City.

A NEW SLEEPER EAST BOUND

DENVER TO ST. LOUIS DAILY

Travelers will be glad to learn that a through Pullman Buffet Sleeper leaves Denver each evening at 8.10 on the Great Rock Island Route via Kansas City and the Wabash to St. Louis.

Remember you leave Denver at a reasonable hour and arrive at St. Louis next morning at a good business hour. JOHN SEBASTIAN General Ticket and Passenger Agt. Chicago.

20 rides between Colorado Springs and Manitou for $2.

THE LIMITED TRAIN SERVICE

East via the Great Rock Island Route is unexcelled by any for comfort, safety and speed. While traveling choose the Great Rock Island.

THE GREAT ROCK ISLAND'S NEW YEAR'S GREETING

To the traveling public of Colorado Springs and vicinity we wish to extend our thanks for the liberal patronage accorded this popular route for the old year and to assure you that the unexcelled service heretofore maintained between Colorado Springs and the East will be continued in every respect with any additions that can possibly be made. Our Solid Vestibuled Limited trains between Colorado Springs and Chicago via Omaha, St. Joe or Kansas City are unsurpassed for speed, safety and comfort. These trains are made up of the latest design Pullman Palace sleepers, elegant reclining chair cars free of extra charge and superb dining cars, etc.

All meals served en route in our own magnificent dining cars.

We will cheerfully make all your arrangements as to sleeping car reservations etc. through to your destination. For full particulars, lowest rates, through tickets, maps, etc. call on or address W. W. Wood Ticket and Passenger Agt. 12 Pike's Peak Ave. Telephone 97.

TO DENVER

Rock Island fast trains to Denver leave Colorado Springs at 6.20 a. m. and 4.45 p. m. passing Pueblo at 12 noon and 7 p. m. Fast going leave Denver 8.45 a. m. and 3.45 p. m. arriving Colorado Springs 11.15 a. m. and 6.15 p. m. $4.50 for the round trip.

A WINTER IN THE SOUTH.

A winter in the South—the very mode of pure delicious oxygen for those who have been there. The bright sunshine, the dry bracing air and the warm sunshine is in decided contrast to the cold bleak North.

The great state of Texas is celebrated as one great broad winter resort in itself but the following places are particularly popular Fort Worth with its mineral baths, healthful climate and good hotels, Austin the beautiful Capital City, San Antonio, one of the few really historical places in our country, Houston, with its blooming oleanders and groves of orange and lemon and Galveston with its delicious sea breeze. These are but a few of the delightful resorts of this highly favored state.

An escape from all the pains and discomforts of our rigorous weather, transported by magic from the region of snow and ice to the fragrance of this summer land, is now made possible and easy by the Denver Texas & Ft. Worth Route of the Union Pacific System, which runs through Pullman Palace Sleepers between Denver, Ft. Worth, Dallas, Galveston and New Orleans, and offers exceedingly low excursion rates to all Southern cities from Denver, Pueblo, Colorado Springs and Trinidad. For a full description of Southern winter resorts, routes over the Union Pacific System, or for excursion rates apply to W. G. Rice Union Pacific Ticket Agent, office 14 Pike's Peak avenue, for a copy of the Union Pacific Winter Tours Folder.

E. L. LOMAX
General Pass. and Ticket Agt. Omaha Neb.

CALIFORNIA EXCURSIONS

Leave Chicago via the Santa Fe Route every Thursday evening at 7.20 and Kansas City every Friday morning at 11.55 and arrive at La Junta every Saturday morning at 8.3. Parties from Colorado Springs can join this train leaving at 7.35 p. m. each Friday, arriving at La Junta over night or leave here at 2.40 a. m. Saturday, making connection at La Junta the same morning. These excursions are personally conducted by salaried agents who conduct the excursions to destination to give personal attention to the comfort of passengers especially aged persons ladies and children without escort. Leaving Colorado Springs at 2.40 a. m. Saturday the party will arrive at Los Angeles at 3.45 p. m., the following Monday and at San Diego at 8.55 p. m.; at San Francisco the following Tuesday at 11.45 a. m. Inquire at city ticket office Opera House block.

CREEDE CAMP!

The Denver and Rio Grande are now running through sleepers to Creede leaving here 12.40 p. m. arrive at Creede 12.50 next day.

Attention is called to a change in the Santa Fe time table taking effect today by which two additional trains are put on between Colorado Springs and Denver.

The only line that does it!
Does what?
Runs Free reclining chair cars and Pullman buffet sleeping cars Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo through to Kansas City and St. Louis.
What line?
The Missouri Pacific.
C. A. Tripp, General Western Passenger Agt. 1062 Larimer street, Denver Colo.

TRAINS FOR DENVER

Via the Santa Fe, leave Colorado Springs at 1.45 a. m. 2.45 a. m. 8.53 a. m. 1.20 p. m. and 3.30 p. m.

RAILROAD

Leave Denver at 7.30 a. m. 12.30 p. m. 3.00 p. m. 7.15 p. m. and 11.00 p. m.

WORDS OF PRAISE

Are heard on every side from the traveling public for the unsurpassed service of the Santa Fe route. It is justly said that the Chicago vestibuled express is the finest train by all odds that comes into Colorado. The very latest improvements in palace cars. Unexcelled dining car service. No change of cars between Colorado Springs and Chicago.

The special Pullman sleeping car left at Colorado Springs daily, in which space may be reserved at the city ticket office in the Opera House Block. Telephone 54. C. C. HOYT, Agent.

FINE PLAYING CARDS.

Send ten (10) cents in stamps or coin to John Sebastian General Ticket and Passenger Agent, Chicago Rock Island and Pacific Ry. Chicago Ill. for a pack of the latest and cheapest slicked playing cards you ever saw. Just the thing for High Five parties. For a 50c express money order or deposit postal note will send you five packs.

NEW SERVICE!!!

Through Sleeping Car service to St. Louis via the Great Rock Island Route. All meals served in our own magnificent dining cars. Unexcelled train service. For full particulars, low rates, maps, etc. call on or address W. W. Wood Ticket and Passenger Agent 12 Pike's Peak Ave.

CALIFORNIA

THE DENVER AND RIO GRANDE

Have two daily trains through to Salt Lake and San Francisco without change. Chair cars free. Latest improved Pullman sleepers. Broad gauge. Ticket office 10 North Tejon street.

Commencing Sunday November 23d a Washington Through Pullman Car service will be inaugurated in connection with the Rock Island from Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo and other Colorado points to St. Louis. These Pullmans are of the newest and richest design and will leave Denver daily on Rock Island No. 42 leaving at 7 o'clock on the evening of the day at which point direct connection will be made in Union Depot with limited trains for all points east, south and southeast.

Remember only one change of cars from Denver to New York, Boston and other eastern points. Sleeping berths can be secured by addressing C. M. HAMPSON, Commercial Agent 1 North Tejon St. Denver Colo.

PARLOR CARS

Our citizens who have not tried those new parlor cars on the afternoon Santa Fe trains should do so. The cars are veritable parlors and the chairs as comfortable as the finest parlor chair not to be compared with the ordinary chair cars, something entirely new. Trains carrying these leave for Pueblo at 3.45 p. m. and for Denver at 1.20 p. m.

Denver and Rio Grande R. R. five daily trains
Round trip to Denver $4 50
Round trip to Pueblo 2 50

Through tickets to all points at the lowest rates. No. 16 North Tejon street. New Bank building.

THE CREEDE CAMP EXCITEMENT

Creede Camp promises to become a second Leadville. The number of people going into this wonderful camp is unprecedented in the history of Colorado except only during the Leadville excitement. It is estimated that now the townsite is located that there will be 10,000 people in the camp by June 1st. The new district is only reached by the Denver & Rio Grande railroad and there is no staging.

A COLORADO GEM.

Is the Burlington Train No. 2, which leaves Denver at 8.30 p. m. every day in the year, arriving at Chicago at 8.00 a. m., St. Louis 7.20 a. m. second morning. This is a solid vestibule train with all modern improvements known to the civilized world. Is composed of Pullman Palace sleepers, chair cars, seats free, elegant day coaches and smoking cars. All chair cars have a porter in attendance whose duty it is to look after the comforts of passengers, especially ladies traveling alone. No change of cars of any class on this train between Denver, Lincoln, Omaha, Chicago, St. Joe and St. Louis. Parties traveling via this route destined to points beyond its line can have their sleeping car accomodation secured through to destination by apply to any ticket agent or G. W. Valery No. 1700 Larimer St. Denver Colo.

Quickest time to Denver via Great Rock Island.

RIO GRANDE.

Trains to Denver 8.00 a. m. 10.42 a. m. 3.30 p. m. 4.10 a. m. and 4.00 a. m. To Pueblo 9.45 a. m. 4.30 p. m. 6.50 p. m. 9.45 p. m. and 10.40 p. m. connecting with all Eastern trains.

THE MINER'S FAVORITE.

Free Chair cars and Pullman Buffet Sleeping cars, via the great Missouri Pacific Railway Company's Colorado short line. Quickest and shortest route to the East, North or South. Be sure your ticket is over the justly popular route.

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10 PASSENGER TRAINS DAILY 10

Between Colorado Springs and Denver, via the Santa Fe. See time card in this paper. Through chair cars between Canon City and Denver, on trains 623 and 624, and these trains make connection at Pueblo with through chair cars between Pueblo and Chicago.

The only line running through sleeper to St. Louis and serving meals in dining cars en route is the Rock Island.

BELLEVUE SANITARIUM.

Accommodations can be obtained in this institution. Terms from $8 a week upward, according to room.

Apply to the Matron, at the Sanitarium, East Hufsmith street.

WANTED.

By A. N. PEARCE & Co., male cooks, housegirls, laundresses, waiters and chamber girls at $30 to $40 per month. Male and female help for all kinds, labor at good wages. Employment Real Estate Live Stock and Auction Agents, 104 S. Tejon.

WANTED.

Female cooks $25 to $30
Dining room girls, $20
Girls for second work $20
Girls for housework, $15 to $20
Man and wife by 11 o'clock today for ranch no children.

J. E. BRADLEY Employment Agent, 31 E. Bijou St.

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WANTED—Purchasers for some fine properties on the installment plan. Call on A. Holloway 103 E. Huerfano St.

WANTED—Immediately, a good steady man married man preferred to act as attendant to an invalid. Address P. O. box 951 Colorado Springs.

SALESMEN—Energetic men wanted. Free $75 a month paid outfit. One of our agents has earned over $20,000 in five years. P. O. Box 187, New York.

WANTED—Washing boiling house cleaning work. Address P. O. box 570.

WANTED—An apprentice to learn dress making. 201 North Nevada.

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WANTED—A position by a man familiar with business and a Eastern education. Address H. M. B. Gazette office.

WANTED—A cook. Apply 116 North Weber street.

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WANTED—A man with $1,000 to $2,000 to assist in working up mines in Red Mountain, Ouray Co. Will give an interest. Maps and particulars at 15 S. Tejon St. M. Van Buren.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—Houses to rent $8.00 to $60.00 in all parts of city. A. H. Conway.

TO RENT—Suite of rooms low to permanent party. 128 North Weber.

TO RENT—2 or 3 rooms furnished for housekeeping cheap, board if preferred. 321 E. Huerfano street.

TO RENT—Cottages of three and four rooms six blocks from post office, newly painted and papered, moderate rent to good tenants. 104 Pike's Peak avenue.

TO RENT—Houses of all kinds, furnished and unfurnished by Willis Avery, 304 S. Tejon St.

TO RENT—Square and upright pianos and sewing machines. Aiken's Music store.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—We have two fine suburban cottages in Ivywild on the new road to Cheyenne Canyon. Call on A. Holloway, 103 E. Huerfano St.

FOR SALE—Bedroom suites, carpets, stoves, etc. cheap for cash. Address Z. Gazette.

FOR SALE—Jackrabbits, laying hens and ducks; also 1 good cow. Fred Arnold two blocks northeast of Ivywild school.

FOR SALE—Cheap, or will trade for lots in West Colorado Springs, a 4 room house, barn and lot located on South Nevada avenue. Address H. this office.

FOR SALE—Fruit and garden tracts near Denver reached by the Santa Fe lines. Five acres or more, partly bearing fruit. No payments required for five years. Address A. C. Flint, Denver.

TO LOAN.

TO LOAN—$200 on improved city property. Box 704, city.

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TO LOAN.

TO LOAN—$200 on improved city property. Box 704, city.

The best located Property in Colorado Springs, either for homes or for investment is

HILL TOP

For prices and terms call on

A. A. McGOVNEY,

113 Kiowa Street,

Or any Agent in the City.

LINUS E. SHERMAN,
United States Land and Pension Attorney,

Will practice before any Land Office and the Pension Department. Contests and difficult cases a specialty.

Insurance, Loans and Real Estate.

If you have property to rent or sell if you want to buy improved or unimproved property in any part of the city if you want to exchange any kind of property here or elsewhere for other property if you want a loan on most favorable terms be sure to see at the

COLORADO REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE.

103 Pike's Peak Avenue.

LINUS E. SHERMAN.

FOR RENT.
A few Desirable Offices In the Gazette Building. Apply to Henry LeB. Wills.

CHINA JIM

DEALER IN

Chinese and Japanese Goods fine China crape and trimmers. Brocade ware Wash Silk, Dress patterns, Cashmere Crape, Paste diamond and Fancy Shawls, etc.

21 East Pike's Peak Ave.

MASQUERADE COSTUMES.

I am adding a number of new costumes to my collection of Masquerade costumes. Parties wishing anything in that line will do well to call that I can discount the jobbers of all of them.

MISS KATE MOODY,
Rooms 8, 9 and 10 Mid. Bldg.

GILLIS BROS. & WALSH

Manufacturers of

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Moulding

Wood Doors, Mantels and all kinds of planing mill work. Prices such a [illegible] lity.

Corner Vermijo and Sahwatch Streets.

THE FINEST AND BEST.

For Clearing the Face, Removing Tan, Sunburn, Freckles, Pimples and Blackheads, Pimples, Etc.

Makes the Skin white, Soft and Smooth.

Elegantly perfumed. Is an antiseptic. Only Great Dressing. Prepared only by R. T. Kostich & Co. Denver, Colo. Wholesale by the Proprietors.

Sold by all Druggists of Colorado Springs and Colorado.

CRIPPLE CREEK!

Fast Freight line for Florissant to Cripple Creek and all points in the Cripple Creek Mining District. Freight consigned to my care at Florissant will receive prompt attention.

H. F. MILLER,
Florissant, Colo.

CRIPPLE CREEK FREIGHT LINE.

THE CRIPPLE CREEK

Assay Office and Laboratory.

Is now open for business.

Correct results guaranteed. Prices the same as charged in Denver or Denver. Any correspondence or inquiries regarding the great Cripple Creek Gold Mining district will be promptly replied to. Address communications to

N. F. COLVOCORESSES,
Florissant, El Paso county, Colo.

THE P. O. S. OF A.

[illegible]

Of Colorado Springs, Colo.

The only local building and loan association doing business in El Paso county.

The best and easiest way to obtain a home on monthly installments. Over one hundred homes now being paid for in Colorado City and Colorado Springs through our association.

DIRECTORS.

C. L. Gillingham, President.
Dr. T. G. Hope, Vice President.
A. A. McGovney, Treasurer.
J. A. Leach.
A. L. Humphrey.
F. J. Obing.
C. M. Sherman.
H. S. [illegible]
A. H. [illegible]

For further information call on or address

J. H. FREDINGA, Secretary,
Colorado Springs, Colo.

C. M. SHERMAN, Collector for Colo. City.

Before investing see the list of investments and prices at the office of the BROADMOOR Company, second floor Gazette Building.

WANTED—The [illegible] of all [illegible]
SOLDIERS [illegible]
HOMESTEADS [illegible]
W. B. [illegible] P. O. Box [illegible] Colo.

ESTABLISHED 1873.

El Paso County Bank,

CAPITAL PAID IN - $100,000
SURPLUS - - - 30,000

Transacts a general banking business. Drafts drawn on the principal cities of the United States and Europe.

WM. S. JACKSON, Cashier.
J. H. BARLOW, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

W. S. JACKSON. C. H. WELLS. J. H. BARLOW.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE R. R.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Oct. 19, 1891.

NORTH OR EAST

No. 6	California Colorado and New Mexico Express	4.55 am
No. 4	Atlantic Coast Limited	6.10 am
No. 5	Pueblo and Denver Accommodation	2.00
No. 12	St. Louis and Kansas City Express	10.42 am
No. 2	California and Eastern Express	3.27 pm

SOUTH OR WEST

No. 1	California Fast Mail	9.47 am
No. 11	Canon City and St. Louis Express	4.00
No. 7	Pueblo Passenger	6.50
No. 3	Pacific Coast Limited	9.45 pm
No. 5	California Colorado and New Mexico	10.40 pm

THE MANITOU BRANCH

To Manitou—Leave at 8.00 a. m. 9.30 a. m. 10.45 p. m. 2.05 p. m. 4.35 p. m. 6.05 p. m.

From Manitou—Arrive at 8.10 a. m. 9.40 a. m. 11.55 a. m. 2.15 p. m. 4.50 p. m. 6.10 p. m.

Through tickets for sale to all principal points at the depot and No. 10 North Tejon st.

Pullman sleepers and free chair cars on all trains. Baggage checked to destination. Chair cars free.

For full information call on or address

J. M. PATTISON, City Agent.
10 North Tejon st.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE AND COLORADO MIDLAND R. R.

Nov 29, 1891.

No. 3	Chicago to Denver	8.00 am	8.05 am	
No. 7	City to Denver	1.00	1.05	
No. 401	Salt Lake to Denver	2.00 am	2.05 am	
No. 403	Salt Lake to Denver	1.40	1.45	
No. 421	La Junta to Denver	3.15 pm	3.20	
No. 6	Denver to Chicago	7.45	7.50	
No. 8	Denver to Kansas City	2.45	2.50	
No. 402	Denver to Salt Lake	9.55 am	10.00 am	
No. 404	Denver to Salt Lake	10.00 pm	10.05 pm	
No. 422	Denver to La Junta	7.15	7.15 pm	

Trains Nos. 3 and 6 are vestibuled trains with Pullman Palace sleepers and chair cars for Chicago. Pullman dining cars on Nos. 3 and 6 serving meals a la carte. Nos. 401 and 402 are the well known Pueblo and Denver Fast Express and Pullman Parlor cars run between Pueblo and Chicago. A Pullman Parlor car between Pueblo and Canon City.

C. C. HOYT, City Ticket Agent.

COLORADO MIDLAND WAY WAY.

Arrival and Departure Times at Santa Fe Depot. Nov. 29, 1891.

No. 1	Express for Leadville, Aspen, Glenwood, Ogden, San Francisco	10.00 am
No. 3	Express for Leadville, Aspen, Glenwood, Ogden, San Francisco	10.25 pm
No. 2	Express from Leadville, A

THE GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1892.

DAILY WEATHER RECORD.

Fair and Lair—stout Cou... ...Jan 25, 12 m., to Jan 26, 12 m.

	1891.	1892.
Temperature at 6 p.m.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Temperature at 8 a.m.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Temperature at 12 m.	[illegible]	30 1
Maximum temperature	[illegible]	[illegible]
Minimum temperature	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mean temperature	[illegible]	[illegible]
Maximum barometric pressure in in	[illegible]	[illegible]
Minimum barometric pressure in in	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mean velocity of wind, mi per hr.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Relative humidity at 6 p. m	[illegible]	[illegible]
Relative humidity at 8 a. m	[illegible]	[illegible]
Relative humidity at 12 m	12	[illegible]
Mean relative humidity	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mean dew point	[illegible]	[illegible]
Precipitation	0	[illegible]

Mr. C. M. Baker of Boston is visiting his brother, Mr. Arthur Baker.

The Nevada house, 115 South Nevada avenue, has been re-opened to the public.

Attention is called to the business local of Professor Garlow, hair dresser, who is stopping at the Alamo.

There will be a meeting of Chapter No. 6, R. A. M., this evening for work in the most excellent masters degree.

Next Sunday is Christian Endeavor day all over the country and will be properly observed by the societies in this city.

An adjourned meeting of the Woman's Alliance of All Souls church will be held at 316 East Bijou street this afternoon at 2:30 p. m.

Miss Ella McNaughton, stamp clerk at the postoffice, left Saturday evening for a two weeks' visit at her old home in Hastings, Neb.

Mr. E. Oscar Hart, manager of the Hotel Hagerman, Eddy, N. M., is visiting relatives and friends in the city after a year's absence.

The Cripple Creek Consolidated Mining company have secured an interest in the Dead Horse and May Queen claims at Cripple Creek.

Nellis M Keith made final proof on her pre-emption claim, located on Ruxton creek, before Clerk White in the county court yesterday.

Mr. C. P. Bentley, circulator of The Gazette, yesterday received a telegram from White City, Kan., announcing the arrival of a young son in the family.

Messrs. G. P. Putnam & Co., the New York publishers, are soon to publish Mr. Ehrich's two articles upon the silver question in a handsome pamphlet as one of their series of "Economic Monographs."

Mr. Adam Rinnert and Mrs. E. E. Cas well were united in marriage Monday afternoon, Jan. 25, 1892, at 816 North Cascade street, Rev. J. P. Lucas officiating. Mr and Mrs. Rinnert will reside at Elbert, Colo.

One of the things not to be missed are Hon. H. A. Risley's lectures, "Reminiscences of Men I have Known in Public Life." The lectures are for the benefit of the Woman's Educational Society of Colorado College.

Regular meeting of Pike's Peak camp, No. 5, W. of W., this evening at 7:30 sharp; work in the third degree. Also business of importance from the head camp to be acted upon. All members especially requested to be present.

One hundred thousand shares of Beaver creek mining stock are to be placed on the market next week at 10 cents per share. This is the company in which Governor Routt and other state officials are interested at Cripple Creek.

Dr. R. P. Anderson yesterday received a telegram from Mr. J. K. Meyers, at Plainfield, N. J., announcing the death of his brother, Mr. Lawrence Meyers, formerly of this city. The death occurred at 6 o'clock yesterday morning.

A mothers' meeting, under the auspices of the W. C. T. U., will be held to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. parlors. Miss Helen Dewey will give a kindergarten training lesson and young mothers are especially invited to be present.

The Endeavor society of the First M. E. church will give a "literary evening" at 8 p. m. this evening in the lecture room of the church, the subject being "Rome." This subject has been carefully analyzed and its various parts assigned to different persons, who will respectively treat of Rome, its ruins, its philosophers, its churches, the pope and Vatican, etc. The exercises will be interspersed with music.

The acknowledged champion of the universe, John L. Sullivan, together with Duncan B. Harrison and a splendidly equipped company, will appear at the opera house Saturday next. A large house is confidently predicted, as the desire to see "the man who never was beaten" is very great. A New York exchange says: "That John L. Sullivan is a success, and a marked one, is assured by the fact that Niblo's theatre, New York, was crowded to its utmost capacity by audiences who emphatically signified their approval and satisfaction by nightly recalling Sullivan, Harrison, and the leading artists at the end of every act."

Under the new law County-clerk Howbert is compelled to require that the fee for filing an instrument accompany the paper. This also compels him to refuse to trust parties with papers to file, as the fee is taken from his salary if not paid. As the fees for recording have been cut down so much he is very much afraid that he will not be able to get his salary out of the office. There is now a stack of about seventy-five instruments in the office, sent in for filing without the accompanying fee. The owners should see to them at once as the delay may cause trouble, and there is nothing in some of the papers to show who sent them.

Some time in December Mr. J. P. Fagan came to Monument in the interest of the New York Life Insurance company and did a good business. Mr. Fagan went over the Divide and wrote up several applications on his way between this place and Elbert. After his departure from Monument Mr. Whitney of Denver appeared on the scence and procured a warrant for Fagan, who was found on Monday morning at Elbert and brought back to Monument to answer the charge of embezzlement, to which he pleaded not guilty. A hearing was had ... ... the 19th Fagan ... money ... from the company ... Mr. Whitney. No ... at ... by ... and ... Mr. Whitney, and ... agent for the New York Life Insurance company. After a hard contest, in which both sides were represented by able attorneys, Mr. Fagan was bound over to the district court. [Monument Messenger.

Messrs. Thomas Fagan, Louis Youngmark and A. K. Huffman are the owners of the Laura Bell mine at Cripple Creek. A. ... S. Y. Case has recently made an assay from the mine showing 17.1 ounces of gold to the ton, or a value of $341.56.

A brother of Dr. H. B Moore, from New York, is expected to arrive in the city this morning in a special car, accompanied by a party of friends. The party travels in Senator Brice's private car and comes to attend the Moore-Kieffer wedding.

A very pleasant and successful entertainment was given at Colorado City last evening at I. O. G. T. hall for the benefit of the I. O. G. T. lodge. The programme consisted of musical selections by Prof. F. A. Pryor and Miss Bertha Johnson, recitations by Gracie Hopkins and Marshall Stedman, and the first scene from the fourth act of King John with the following cast. Prince Arthur, Gracie Hopkins; Hubert, Marshall Steadman; attendant, Percy Skinner.

Mrs. W. H. Montgomery, a lady known in this city as a former resident, and an accomplished elocutionist, is soon to be heard in this city for the benefit of the Order of Chosen Friends. Says the Denver News-Letter: "Mrs. Montgomery recited 'Two Loves and a Life,' a very pathetic piece, which so pleased the audience that the lady was called back and gave 'A Modern Sermon.' The fun-making spirit in this recitation has full control, and shows Mrs. Montgomery to be a thorough artist, and one whom Denver may well feel proud to claim."

Roland Reed—To-night.

Roland Reed and his excellent company will be greeted by a large audience at the opera house this evening. The Denver Times says: "At the Tabor Grand last night 'The Club Friend,' a comedy-drama by Sydney Rosenfeld, was produced for the first time here to a large audience. The play was written for Roland Reed, who takes the principal part, but it is not like some 'order department' pieces, altogether a single character piece. There are opportunities for several of the company, which is an excellent one and well balanced. Miss Isadore Rush, who is well known to Denver, played the part of Evelyn, the wife of Abram Oaks. She gave a fine presentation of the part, her surprise as the physician betrays his illicit passion and her scorn of him later being especially well done. She looks too young, however, for the mother of Sylvia, who is supposed to be 18 years of age. The Makepeace Frawley of Mr. William Davidge is something of a creation, and he shares with Roland Reed the honors in many of the scenes. George F. Nash, who takes the part of the fashionable physician, is a smooth villain. The other parts are well played."

Coursing.

The date for the grand coursing meet to be given by the Country club, has been fixed for Feb. 22d, Washington's birthday. This is a happy choice as it will give everyone an opportunity of witnessing the sport. The programme will consist of one all aged stake, and if time will permit, a consolation stake for dogs beaten in first round will be run. None but thoroughbred dogs will be allowed to run. Entries will be received by the steward of the Country club, S. W. Vidler, and entries must in every case be accompanied by the entrance fee, $2.50.

Numerous entries have already been received and the meet is an assured success.

DISTRICT COURT.

Lawton Will be Tried in this County—Prisoners Sentenced.

The following business was transacted in the district court yesterday:

1078. Deborah C. Bennett vs. The Denver and Rio Grande Railroad company. Demurrer to complaint sustained. Plaintiff given ten days in which to amend complaint.

1609. Anna C. Albrecht vs. Charles F. Albrecht. Motion to strike out answer denied. Plaintiff has five days within which to demur or ten days to reply.

1457. People vs. Thomas Lawton. Judge Campbell denied the motion for change of venue, stating that he had no doubt but that the defendant could receive a fair trial in El Paso county. District attorney Cochran asked that the case be set for trial, but Mr. Brinson stated that he might possibly desire to apply for a continuance, and no action was taken.

1461. People vs. Joseph Gilligan. This was a young man who passed a forged check upon Mr. Shimp, and had pleaded guilty. Testimony was taken as to the commission of the crime, and the court sentenced the defendant to four years in the penitentiary.

1459. People vs. J. C. Liebel. Defendant was convicted of assault, and a fine of $10 and costs was imposed.

1451. People vs. Thomas Hamilton This man stole an overcoat last month and pleaded guilty to petit larceny. He was given twenty days' in the county jail.

1456. People vs. Charles Douglas. Defendant is a colored man who was convicted of a criminal assault upon a woman at Colorado City. He was sent to Canon City for five years.

1449. People vs. James Turner and James McCormick. These men were found guilty of burglary, the offense having been commited in this city last fall. Turner talked to the court, endeavoring to take all the blame upon himself and to shield his partner. Judge Campbell, however, was not convinced of the latter's innocence. He sentenced McCormick to seven years and Turner to eight.

1427. J. L. Williams vs. Nellie H. Roe. Trial ordered vacated.

1351. J. M. Dorr vs. J. H. Bruening. Motion to strike out part of answer sustained.

1279. Broadmoor Dairy and Live Stock Co. vs. The Brookside Water Co. Defendant withdraws cross motion. Demurrer to complaint argued and submitted.

1563. The Exchange National bank vs. John Q. Royce et al. Plaintiff has leave to file additional pleading.

1477. El Paso Livery Co. vs. Harvey Goddard. Demurrer to replication argued and submitted.

Court will meet at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The galleries were fairly filled when the senate met to-day, but there was no indication of any exciting proceedings. Mr. Hoar, from the committee on privileges and elections, reported a resolution confirming Mr. Horace Chilton in the seat to which he was appointed by the governor of Texas to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Senator Reagan. Mr. Hoar said he would not recommend action on the resolution at this time, but would ask that the report accompanying it (which discussed an interesting question of precedent with regard to the appointment of the senators before the official declaration of a vacancy), be printed in the record. It was so ordered.

Mr. Hiscock, to establish a Grant memorial hall at Mount McGregor, N. Y.

Mr. Frye introduced a bill to present the wrecks of the U. S. S. Trenton and Vandalia to the king of Samoa. He explained that the wrecks had previously been presented to the Samoans in recognition of their humanity on the occasion of the disastrous cyclone which had wrecked those vessels, but the customs duties at San Francisco absorbed the whole proceeds. This bill was intended to remedy the state of things.

Mr. Hale, chairman of the committee of naval affairs, presented a bill for the further increase of the naval establishment of the United States which was read twice and referred to the committee on naval affairs.

Shortly before 1 o'clock the vice president invoked silence on the part of the senate and laid before them the president's message on Chilian affairs. Instantly the senate relapsed into absolute silence and throughout the reading of the document by Clerk Johnstone, which occupied quite a long time, a dead silence prevailed and every senator gave to the message his earnest and undivided attention; so much so that not even those employes of the senate whose time in the service reaches back to the most exciting episodes of our own civil war can recall any occasion when a presidential message was heard in such impressive silence. There were three occupants in the diplomatic gallery.

At the conclusion of the message, which was heard to the end in decorous silence, without any demonstrations or applause, Mr. Sherman, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, arose and said: "Mr. President, I move that the message and accompanying documents be printed and referred to the committee on foreign relations. In view of the gravity of the representations and of the subject matter I do not deem it proper at this time to make any further remarks." Mr. Sherman's motion was unanimously consented to, and on the suggestion of Mr Manderson, chairman of the printing committee, 500 additional copies were ordered printed for the document room. This closed the Chilian incident in the senate for the day. The occupants of the diplomatic gallery immediately withdrew and the senate resumed its routine business only to be again interrupted by the official notification of the death of Justice Bradley of the supreme court.

Mr. McPherson, from the dead justice's own state of New Jersey and Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts, presented brief but eloquent tributes to his memory, Mr. Hoar especially referring to the dead jurist's maintenance of honor and his insistence that the American flag should protect American citizens everywhere.

At 1:40 out of respect for the memory of Justice Bradley the senate adjourned until to-morrow.

HOUSE.

In anticipation of the president's message on the Chilian question, the gallery was well crowded with spectators at an early hour today. At 10 o'clock Speaker Crisp entered the hall and was greeted with applause from both sides of the house. He showed the effects of his recent illness, but his voice was clear and distinct as he called the house to order. In his prayer, the chaplain feelingly alluded to the death of Justice Bradley and invoked the divine blessing on his bereaved widow and family. At 12:45, Executive clerk Pruden entered the house with the long-expected document. The reading of the message was listened to with eager attention by the members and the quietude of the house manifested the interest felt in the all-absorbing topic of the hour. The reading of the message was concluded at 1:35 and was followed by loud applause on both sides of the floor. On motion of Mr. Blount the message was referred to the committee on foreign affairs.

Among the bills introduced were the following:

By Mr. Stump of Maryland, to absolutely prohibit the coming of Chinese laborers into the United States, whether subjects of the Chinese empire or any other foreign government.

Mr. Norton of Missouri, to prevent destructive floods on the Mississippi river by building levees and making appropriations therefor.

At 3 p. m. the house adjourned.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—Money on call loaned easy. The closing rate was, was 1½ per cent. The highest was 2 and the lowest 1½ per cent. The news that an ultimatum had been sent to the little South American republic by the United States gave the aspect of affairs a more threatening outlook than the controversy has assumed at any stage since the perpetration of the Baltimore outrage. The result was that at the opening there was a large amount of stock, chiefly the holdings of smaller class of brokers awaiting a market. The stock came out unstintingly during the first half hour and prices broke from ¼ to 1¼ per cent. for the general list, and 2½ for Whisky and Sugar Trust certificates. The bears took advantage of the selling to hammer the general list and their efforts added to the depression. Toward 11 o'clock there was a rally, but it was not fully maintained, and prices at midday were irregularly changed from Saturday's. Manhattan Elevated was a notable exception, advancing from 103½ to 103¾ in the second hour. The sales at noon were 103,405 shares.

The market was not so active during the afternoon, while prices were weak throughout and declined with but little interruption to the close. The closing prices were the lowest of the day. The decline ranged from ¼ to 2¼ per cent. Total sales were 310,831 shares.

Silver 92¾.

CLOSING PRICES.

Atchison	41	Pullman P.C.	186
Adams Ex.	146	Reading	40⅝
American Ex	116	Rock Island	90
C., B. & Q.	107	Texas Pacific	12
D. & H.	129½	U. P.	46½
Del. Lack & W.	142½	U. S. Ex.	48
D. & R. G. pref	46	Wab. St. L. & Pac	13
Ft. Wayne	153	Preferred	29½
Illinois Central	105½	Wells Fargo Ex.	140
Kan. & Tex.	18⅝	Western Union	82½
Lake Shore	121½	Colorado Coal	35½
Mich. Central	108	Lead Trust	20
Mo. Pacific	61⅝	Sugar Trust	81¾
Northern Pac.	24	Rio Grande West	37½
Preferred	65½	Preferred	70½
U. P. D. & G.	30⅝	4s Registered	115½
O. & M.	22½	4s Coupons	115½
Preferred	88	2s Registered	100
Pacific Mail	37	Pacific 6s of '95	109
Pittsburg	149		

The Grand Duke Constantine Dead.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 25.—Grand Duke Constantine, uncle of the czar and father of the Queen of Greece, whose critical illness was announced Saturday, is dead. He was born at St. Petersburg, Sept. 21, (O. S.) 1826, and married Aug. 30, 1848, Princess Alexandria of Saxe Altenburg.

The late Grand-duke Constantine leaves four children, the Grand-duke Nicholas Constantinovana, born at St. Petersburg Feb. 21, 1850; the Grand-duchess Olga, born Aug. 2, 1851, was married at St. Petersburg Oct. 15, 1867, to George I., king of Greece; the Grand-duchess Vera, born at St. Petersburg Feb. 4, 1854, and Married May 6, 1874, to Eugene, Duke of Wurtemburg, who died Jan. 27, 1877, and the Grand-duke Constantine Constantinovitch, born at Strielna, Aug. 10, 1858, and who was married at St. Petersburg, April 15, 1884, to Elizabeth, Princess of Saxe-Altenburg.

Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25. For Colorado—Fair till Wednesday, warmer by Tuesday; variable winds.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week, ten cents per line for each insertion.

HALLETT & BAKER, Undertakers.
No. 7 Cascade avenue. Telephone No. 16.

FINE FURS REPAIRED.
Sealskin garments re-dyed and re-lined. All kinds of fur work and in the latest styles. E. M. Kirchner, 6 Bank Building. Take elevator.

See about your hair and complexion. Prof. Geo. A Garlow, the world's greatest specialist is at Room 3½, The Alamo. Free consultations.

FOR SALE:
A SNAP. A 7-room 2 story dwelling with all modern conveniences, near center of the city in Manitou, elegantly furnished, on full lot; all goes for $3,700, only about half its value; terms easy. E. H. MARTIN & CO.

BOOKS AT AUCTION:
300 volumes all kinds—Medical, Law, Mechanical, Family Bibles, Albums popular works, half price. Private sale all day. Auction at 7 p. m. 100 South Tejon Street.

TO TRADE
Denver and Colorado Springs city property, farms, garden tracts, business chances for Eastern property or a business. M. VAN BUREN, 15 South Tejon street.

MINES AND MINING STOCKS.
C. C. DICKEY.
Room 11 Hagerman Block.
Holders invited to list their stock with me in view of future sales. Conditional orders received.

PUPILS IN MUSIC.
A few more pupils are desired in the study of the Piano or Voice by
MRS. E. F. WELLFS,
1109 North Weber St.

REMOVED.
Duncan's Music store to 317 W. Huerfano St. Pianos and organs for sale and for rent. P. O. Box 731.

PEOPLE WHO KNOW ABOUT PIANOS.
Say the best instruments, lowest prices and easiest terms are to be found at Hext & Williams', 21 N. Tejon St.

W. J. Davis, Undertaking, 114 N. Tejon.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT LAND.
Will exchange for Colorado Springs or any good real estate or business east of the Rockies M. Van Buren, 15 S. Tejon St.

Spectacles fitted accurately at ASHBY'S.

Card engraving, CLINTON, 20 Pike's Peak Ave.

WANTED
Money from principals to loan on well secured short and long time paper, at liberal rate of interest. M. VAN BUREN, 15 South Tejon street.

Elegant etchings, CLINTON, 20 Pike's Peak Ave.

TO RENT.
Newly furnished rooms and board. Inquire at restaurant, 28 S. Tejon St.

Finishing for amateurs, CLINTON.

MINES AND MINING STOCKS.
PROUDFIT & EDSALL & BORDEN.
ROOMS 13 AND 14. HAGERMAN BLOCK.

Finest Photos, CLINTON 20 Pike's Peak Ave.

MUSICAL GOODS.
The finest and most complete stock of guitars mandolins banjos, violins, and music books in the city. Prices away down at Hext & Williams', 21 N. Tejon St.

OPERA HOUSE

Tuesday, Jan. 26.

EVENT OF THE SEASON.

The Popular Comedian

ROLAND REED

In his new Play

THE CLUB FRIEND!

MR. REED will be supported by an excellent company including

Miss Isadore Rush, Miss Wallace, Geo. Frederick Nash, Chas. A. Smiley, and other well-known People.

POPULAR PRICES.

Reserved Seats on sale at Midland and Santa Fe Ticket Office, Opera House Block.

E. R. WARREN.
Civil and Mining Engineer.
U. S. Deputy Mineral Surveyor.
329 North Weber Street. Colorado Springs.
Will survey and report on Mining claims in any part of the state.

THE NEVADA HOUSE

No. 115 South Nevada

New management. Thoroughly cleaned and well furnished rooms at reasonable rates. First class meals 25c. Rates per week $4.50. Special rates for families.

MRS. M. J. DOUGLAS,
MRS. J. F. CULLAR,
Proprietors.

G. HENRY, M. D.

Long Island College Hospital, "Class '60."

Subsequently four years with the world's greatest specialist, Dr. Philip Ricord of Paris, France, will be at the

ELK HOTEL,

Colorado Springs, every Sunday afternoon and all day Monday.

Dr. Henry is located at 1713 Curtis street, Denver, Colo., making for the last thirty years a specialty of

Blood and Skin Diseases!

No Mercury, Arsenic, Cubebs, Copaiba, nor Sandal-wood Oil. A cure warranted in every case where a cure is possible, or money refunded in every case undertaken, and not permanently cured.

REFERENCES—The best men and doctors of Denver.

Upward of three thousand cases treated within the last three years. Every patient treated is cured or in a fair way to perfect recovery.

Consultation free. All medicine put up and furnished by the doctor.

English, German, French, Polish, Russian and Bohemian spoken.

PIANO LAMPS!

AND

BRIC-A-BRAC

Will be sold at greatly reduced prices for the next 30 days by

A. MATTHEWS,

26 North Tejon St.

Telephone No. 5. Colorado Springs.

Mr. Walter Paris,

Offers instruction in WATER COLOR Drawing on the following terms:

Private Pupils for 2 hour lesson ... $3 00
Class of Four, for 3 hour lesson ... 3 00

STUDIO Room 59, Bank Block.

LOUIS LANDBEHN MANUFACTURING Jeweler
ALL ORDERS ATTENDED TO
32 E. PIKE'S PEAK AVE.

FOR RENT!

Very Cheap.

Two five room brick houses on South Tejon street. Also

One six room frame house, all within two blocks of Postoffice.

Two lots 50x190, on West Huerfano street; suitable for business.

Apply to

W. H. McIntyre,

1 and 2 Hagerman Block.

CIVIL & WHITE COAL and WOOD

ARTIFICIAL ICE.

Uptown Office at Curtis Brothers Store,

22 North Tejon Street.

J. H. WEIGERT,

Agent.

LINEN SALE!

We will continue our Linen Sale another Week.

A small assortment of Wash Silks still left which we will close at the low price of 75c a yard.

In addition to the above we will offer a large line of fine Embroideries at Special Sale prices.

GIDDINGS BROS. & BENT

21 South Tejon Street.

FOR RENT!

Furnished

5 rooms, North Cascade	$75 00
5 rooms, Cache la Poudre street	32 50
7 rooms, North Wahsatch	50 00
10 rooms, North Weber street	150 00
9 rooms, North Tejon	65 00
5 rooms, East Huerfano	25 00
13 rooms, North Nevada	150 00
4 rooms, Cheyenne Road	20 00
6 rooms, East Boulder	25 00
21 rooms, North Cascade	75 00
8 rooms, East Monument	50 00
4 rooms, East Kiowa	25 00
2 rooms, East Boulder	12 00
4 rooms, South Tejon	16 00
14 rooms, North Tejon	90 00
9 rooms, East Oak	40 00
5 rooms, North Franklin	30 00
10 rooms, East Bijou	80 00
10 rooms, North Weber	100 00
6 rooms, East Huerfano	35 00

This is only a partial list. I have also all kinds of unfurnished houses in all parts of town.

W. W. WILLIAMSON,

5½ S. Tejon St.

ANTHRACITE AND BITUMINOUS

COAL!

Order from

C. G. JOHNSON & CO.,

C. G. JOHNSON, S. L. SMITH,

(Successors to W. H. Roby & Co.)

AGENTS FOR
CANON CITY AND VICTOR COAL.
Lump, Egg, Nut; also Anthracite of all sizes.
WOOD AND KINDLING.

OFFICE—23 N. Tejon. Telephone 93.
YARD—Corner Cucharras and Corona.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

New Chinese and Japanese curiosities, Fine China Ware, China Silk and Embroidered work and Japanese Wire Goods. For sale at low prices. All are cordially invited to call and examine our new goods.

QUONG TANG HING,
In New Store, 10½ Pike's Peak Ave.

GOOD THINGS OF LIFE,

those that round out the daily happiness of every man and woman,—have their beginning with the home and its surroundings. For tourists and families staying in Colorado Springs there's no boarding house or hotel that offers the home-like comforts and attractions found at the ALTA VISTA. Pleasant rooms, single or en suite, newly decorated and furnished, electric lights and bells, elevator, free baths, a table that has no superior hereabouts, with an efficient service in every department, are all strong bidders for your consideration. The prices ARE NOT high, and SPECIAL RATES will be given permanent guests.

EDWARD W. KENT,
Proprietor.

RUBBER STAMPS!

Seals and Stencils.

Seal Stamps, Badges, Checks, Etc.

ROOM 3,
Robertson Building,
Colorado Springs, Colo.

IF YOU WANT
First-class shoe repairing done, go to

J. PEDERSON,
107 North Tejon St.

WE ARE

Headquarters for

DRESS SUITS

AND

PAGES' UNIFORMS!

Dress Suits For Rent.

PERKINS & HOLBROOK,

Clothiers,

Bank Block

J. F. MACMILLAN,

Dealer in Mines and Mining Stocks.

REFERENCES:
H. P. Cowenhoven & Co., Aspen.
First National Bank, of Aspen.

P. O. Box 153, Aspen, Colo.

ASPEN CALL STOCK LIST.

Mollie Gibson,	Park, Magnie and Queen,
Argentum and Juniata,	St. Joe and Mineral Farm Con.
Bushwhacker,	Aspen Mining & Smelting Co.
Little Annie,	Pontiac,
Best Friend,	Della S.

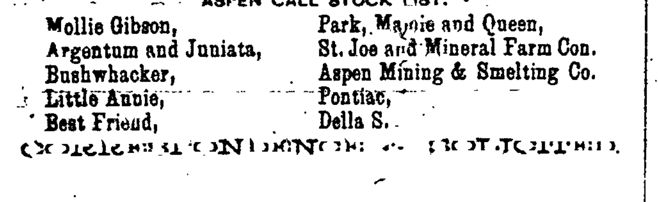
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

McMahon & Moffatt.

Tailors of the very first water. Prices that are a marvel of cheapness when the quality of the goods is considered.

Call and see us at 17 N. Tejon, Opposite Opera House

MANITOU SOUVENIR SPOON.



Finest of All the Souvenirs.

Made in Orange, Tea and and Coffee Spoons.

15 S. Tejon, Colorado Springs Colo. WEST, JEWELER, Manitou, Colo.

N. O. JOHNSON & SONS, DRY GOODS AND CARPETS.

New Firm and New Goods may be expected soon.

Cut prices on our present stock will be the order of the day until the arrival of

NEW GOODS!

Cloaks, Furs, Dress Goods and Winter Underwear.

N. O. JOHNSON & SONS,

22 and 24 Pike's Peak Ave.

Real Estate! Insurance! Loans!

MONEY LOANED On good security at Lowest Rates.

INSURANCE written in old, Reliable Companies. If it pays to Insure at all it pays to insure in First-class companies.

BARGAINS in Real Estate—Improved and Unimproved, in all parts of the city. Now is the time to secure a home before another boom sets in

DESIRABLE FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED Houses for rent at low rates.

INVESTMENTS AND LOANS made. Rents and Interest collected for non-residents at reasonable rates.

Call at my office for particulars.

MATTHEW KENNEDY,

No. 9 North Tejon Street.

FRANK DUTTON & CO.

No. 19 North Tejon Street.

About Our Grocery Department.

We wish to correct a prevailing error in regard to our Grocery Department. Last October we advertised a "closing out sale," and we sold out of nearly everything in Groceries as we were forced to, in order to make room for our immense stock of strictly Holiday Goods that were being purchased in Boston at that time and were arriving here by every train. We needed the room our Grocery department took up, to display to advantage the Christmas stock, and we utilized every inch of space possible. Our wonderful success in selling all our Holiday Goods our immense advertisements, and the crowds that thronged our store during holiday week are well known to the residents of this city. We had no old, last year's stock to sell, for it was our first Christmas here, and consequently our customers got only the very newest and latest things in this and foreign markets. After Christmas having some vacant room we decided to start our Grocery department again with a full stock of new, fresh goods

OUR GROCERY DEPARTMENT

Is now running with a better class of goods than before and a more complete stock. We have everything and we sell at a small profit and LOWER than any store in town. We received this week 500 pounds of the celebrated Mocha and Java coffee that we had when we opened our store last June. It is the best coffee in the market and we get it direct from Houghton & Dutton. Our success with it, when we first opened was so great that the first invoice sold out in a short time, and we didn't order it as we supposed we could get as good coffee in this market, but a great many of our customers were dissatisfied and wanted "Boston coffee," so from now on we will always keep it in stock and customers wanting the "best" coffee in this city must ask for our "Mocha or Java" from "H & D." Boston. The price is 45 cents per pound. Our delivery will be prompt and all goods bought up to 3:30 p. m. will be delivered that day. We make special low prices on different goods for certain days only, so by watching our advertisements customers can take advantage of a great many bargains

Luxuries and Fancy Groceries in Bottles, Jars and Cans.

JOHN LENNOX

Has Something new and desirable in

FOLDING BEDS,

Useful, ornamental and at Prices to suit the season.

Largest Line of

BABY BUGGIES

In the city. 114 and 116 E. Pike's Peak.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

$1,750 buys a good 5-room house on Costilla street, less than four blocks from postoffice. Terms $200 cash and $25 per month. Beats paying rent.

$700 buys an east front corner on Platte avenue. Terms $40 cash and $5 per month.

REED BROTHERS,

Real Estate Dealers and Loan Brokers,

28 South Tejon Street.

Wilbur & Wolf

To make room for a more complete stock of Ladies' Furnishing Goods, Dress Goods and Millinery, we have decided to close out Men's Furnishing Goods and Underwear. Special prices on all goods in these lines.

All Chenille and Lace Curtains at cost and less. We must have more room. This spring we intend to show the finest line of goods for Ladies' wear in the west.

WILBUR & WOLF,

22 South Tejon Street.

THE DE LA VERGNE FURNITURE CO.,

120-122 So. Tejon St.,

For Bargains and Styles in

FURNITURE

Union Ice and Coal Co.

105 W. Vermijo Ave.

Are cutting ICE 12 inches thick and will put same on cars at 50 cents per ton, and will fill houses in city at 75 cents per ton.

Telephone No. 31.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders of the Mountain View Land company will be held at the Cashier's office of "El Paso County Bank," Colorado Springs, Colo., on Tuesday, Feb. 2d, 1892, at 12:00 m., for the election of the Board of Directors and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before the meeting.
THE MOUNTAIN VIEW LAND CO.,
JAMES A. ..., Secretary.

NOTICE!

I will trade Cripple Creek Mining property for piano or real estate in Colorado Springs. Inquire of

WILLIAM CLARK,
318 E. Platte Ave. Florist

THE KOCH HOSPITAL SANITARIUM FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

The Koch Hospital Sanitarium at the foot of the Rocky Mountains offers to the invalids suffering from consumption or from any other disease of the respiratory organs, many ... advantages for effecting a cure. The climate with its rarified atmosphere, acts upon the system as a central stimulant, a stimulant that is not followed by subsequent harmful reaction, and supplies thereafter the only condition under which the possibility of a CURE can be obtained. ... under such ... the Koch Sanitarium has ... carry out the treatment with ... with ... the ... in the world ... fully ...

S. H. MEURER, Supt.
Koch's Hospital Sanitarium — ..., Colorado

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